

# The Columbian.

VOL. 44.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 17, 1910.

NO. 7

WHEN YOU WANT TO  
Open a Bank Account Have a Check Cashed  
Borrow Money, or Make an Investment

CALL ON THE OLD RELIABLE -

## The Farmers National Bank OF BLOOMSBURG

Capital, \$60,000 Surplus \$100,000  
C. M. CREVELING, PRES. M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.  
DIRECTORS  
J. L. MOYER N. U. FUNK C. M. CREVELING C. A. KLEIM  
W. L. WHITE C. W. RUNYON DR. J. J. BROWN M. MILLEISEN

3 Per Cent Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

### THE ELECTION.

Townsend, President; Hartman, Elwell and Barton, School Directors; Kashner, Hess and Drake, Poor Directors.

#### A LIVELY CONTEST.

Bloombsburg's most hotly contested election in many years for President of Town Council ended in a victory for Joseph L. Townsend, the Republican candidate, over James Magee, II, the Independent, by the narrow margin of twenty six votes.

With the number of candidates for Council equal to the number to be elected, no one lost out, the contest simply being for high vote, which carried with it the vice presidency. This fell to Dr. I. L. Rabb. The other five members elected were: C. A. Pursel, C. W. Runyon, Thomas Gunter, H. C. Pollock and H. C. Rulon.

The successful candidates for School Director for the three year term were Fred B. Hartman and Geo. E. Elwell.

Harry S. Barton defeated Chas. W. Jones for School Director for two years.

Guy Jacoby, for Justice of the Peace, was the candidate of both parties, a tribute to his popularity, and received 729 Republican and 424 Democratic votes.

For Directors of Bloom Poor District, C. W. Hess, William Karshner and Francis Drake were the successful candidates, the latter polling the highest vote.

W. Clark Sloan and William F. Stohner were elected assessors, Stohner receiving the highest vote.

The election officers in the various wards received votes as indicated in the accompanying table.

Very seldom has there been such interest and rivalry in local politics as there was in this election.

#### KILLED WHILE COASTING.

The climax in the list of the winter's coasting accidents in town occurred last Thursday when Theodore Giger, the twelve-year-old son of Frank Giger, was killed on the West Third Street hill.

After school closed at noon, he, with a companion took his sled out and started down the icy street. They had nearly reached Railroad Street when he lost control of the sled and ran into a culvert of the Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

He struck the side of it with his forehead and was thrown back into the street. His companion, Paul Eckenrote, was likewise thrown but was unhurt.

The injured boy was carried to the office of Dr. A. W. Baker, where he died in less than an hour.

The funeral services were held at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Giger, on West Main Street, on Monday afternoon, the Rev. S. C. Dickson officiating. Interment was made in Rosemont cemetery.

#### Proposition Badly Defeated.

The scheme to build a town hall for Catawissa was knocked into smithereens on Tuesday by the voters of that borough, who defeated it by the score of 264-92. A funny after election feature of this was the passing up Main street Bloomsburg on Wednesday morning of an old shanty on a dray, with placards upon it labelled "Catawissa Town Hall," evidently bound far away from the borough to the south of us.

### AN APPRECIATED HONOR.

Geo. E. Elwell, editor of this paper, desires to express his high appreciation of the support given him at the polls on Tuesday, for the office of School Director.

At the outset he reluctantly permitted his name to go before the caucus as a candidate, and that with the distinct understanding that he would make no personal effort to secure his election. To this he strictly adhered. He did not ask a single voter to vote for him, he did not send a worker to the polls in his behalf, nor in any manner resort to any methods of the politician to secure his election. He contented himself with simply making an announcement in the papers that if elected he would give to the office his best efforts.

He therefore feels that the handsome vote given him was an unsolicited expression of confidence, and his election he accepts as an honor and a compliment which is highly satisfactory to him in every way, and of which he has the keenest sense of appreciation.

He fully realizes the good work of his friends who were interested in his behalf, and to all such he extends his heartfelt thanks.

#### IN COURT.

This week is civil court. On Monday Judge McClure of Lewisburg arrived to preside specially in the case of Geo. J. Vanderslice against the Irondale Electric Light, Heat and Power Co. The cause of action was for alleged damage to the plaintiff's land, formerly the Dr. Low farm, this side of the company dam.

The plaintiff was represented by Fred Ikeler, H. Mont. Smith and T. J. Vanderslice, Esqs., and the defendant by W. H. Sponsler of Harrisburg, and A. W. Duy, Esqs. The trial ended on Tuesday with a verdict for plaintiff for \$1534.31.

The damage was done by the seepage of water through the bank of the race, and witnesses said that nine acres were damaged.

In the case of the First National Bank against the estate of Joseph Ratti a verdict for plaintiff was rendered by direction of Judge McClure for \$5000 and interest. This case was tried before and sent back by the Supreme Court. The second trial resulted the same as the first.

#### SUDDEN DEATH.

Mrs. W. A. Waters of Catharine street, died on Wednesday morning at four o'clock following a paralytic stroke which came about one o'clock Tuesday afternoon. She was unconscious from the time of the stroke until she died. She had been suffering from Bright's disease for several months but was no worse than usual, and was about her work on Tuesday, preparing the noonday meal for the family.

On Friday while reading an account of a death from paralysis, she made the remark that there were so many deaths from paralysis among young people that it made her afraid. It seems almost as though she may have had a premonition of what was to follow. She was 36 years of age and is survived by her husband and one daughter, Florence, who resides at home. She is also survived by four brothers and two sisters. She was a daughter of J. L. Wagner of Berwick.

The Knights of the Golden Eagle Commandery has decided to give a minstrel show in the near future.

### COMPTROLLER'S CALL.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

## The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business, January 31st, 1910.

| RESOURCES.             |              | LIABILITIES.        |              |
|------------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| U. S. Bonds            | \$100,000.00 | Capital Stock       | \$100,000.00 |
| Loans and Investments  | 615,471.18   | Surplus and Profits | 64,028.20    |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 8,000.00     | Circulation         | 100,000.00   |
| Cash and Reserve       | 132,780.95   | Bank Deposits       | 38,062.51    |
|                        | \$856,252.13 | Individual Deposits | 554,161.42   |
|                        |              |                     | \$856,252.13 |

WM. H. HIDLAY, CASHIER.

A. Z. SCHOCH, PRESIDENT.

### O. A. HENRIE KILLED.

Wife and Daughter Narrowly Escape Death in a Hotel Fire in Washington.

At December court O. A. Henrie of Berwick obtained a verdict against the D. L. & W. R. R. Co. for injuries to his daughter, by a collision at a crossing. His attorney was Paul J. Sherwood of Wilkes-Barre.

Mr. and Mrs. Henrie and daughter Frieda, and Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood, who formed a friendship at the trial, took a southern pleasure trip and reached Washington, D. C., on the return from Jacksonville, Fla., on last week Wednesday.

The startling news was received by relatives in Berwick on Thursday that Mr. Henrie had been killed in a hotel fire in Washington, and that his wife and daughter were suffering from shock. Several telegrams were received before the final one came announcing Mr. Henrie's death.

The story of the fire and the manner in which Mr. Henrie met his shocking death, is told in a letter written by Mr. Sherwood to Mr. Henrie's daughter at Berwick, the letter being written Thursday morning before the death of Mr. Henrie. It follows in part:

"It is bad news I have to write. Be brave and look to God for comfort. Do not give way, any of you. Your father is seriously hurt. He is in the hospital here at Washington and I have provided for the best nurse and physicians. Fire broke out in our hotel last night and we all had to climb down the fire escape in our night clothes, leaving all our possessions behind in our rooms. The fire when discovered had cut off our escape to the elevator and stairway. Your father, with little Frieda in his arms, mounted the ladder first and I followed, your mother followed me and then Mrs. Sherwood. When your father reached the bottom part of the fire escape, which is held up by a weight and was supposed to lower and let him reach the ground, the thing was out of order and would not work in the pulley wheel.

"He held Frieda out and called for help. A fireman climbed up and I ran up the ladder when the rope broke and something gave way and let him fall a distance of about twenty or thirty feet, striking on his left shoulder and head. He has been in the hospital since and has undergone an operation. I think you had better be prepared for most any news. He has not been conscious since the fall.

"None of your people's clothes or belongings were burned. Mrs. Sherwood and I lost our clothes, money, etc. We all escaped in our night clothes. There were about 100 guests at the hotel, who escaped the same way. I understand there were some others slightly injured.

"Of course your mother and Frieda are suffering some from shock and Frieda was some hurt, but we hope not seriously. I'll stay by them and do all that can be done. God bless you.

Sincerely,

Paul J. Sherwood.

Mr. Henrie was aged 52 years and was a native of Orangeville. His wife was formerly Miss Alice Belles, of Benton, a sister of Mrs. C. E. Hutton, of West Berwick.

Their children are: Bruce and Mrs. Roy Ruckle, of Orangeville, Guy, Lester, Blanche, Beach,

### DEATH OF INFANT CHILD.

Jacob Maust Ludwig, infant son and only child of Mr. and Mrs. William Ludwig of 333 West Fifth Street of Bloomsburg, died on Friday evening, February 11, 1910, at 8:45 o'clock, after an illness of only a few days duration, aged one year and ten days. The death of the child was a very sad affair for the family and unexpected. It took sick with a slight cold, and a doctor was promptly summoned and its condition at the start was not at all considered serious. The young member was the sunbeam of the household. The funeral was held on Tuesday morning. After brief services at the home at nine o'clock the cortege proceeded to Emanuel's Reformed Church, at Dutch Hill, where the services were concluded and the remains laid to rest in the cemetery adjoining. The services were in charge of Rev. W. J. Kohler of Strawberry Ridge and were very impressive. A quartette of the Bloomsburg Reformed Church rendered several beautiful and appropriate selections at the home. The floral tributes were many and beautiful.

### LAST OF THE CANAL.

The sale of several blocks of Pennsylvania canal 6 per cent. bonds, one block of \$10,000 at 3 1/2 and another at 4, has attracted some attention to these bonds \$1,948,000 of which are outstanding and in the hands of the public. These bonds fall due in July of this year and inquiry develops the fact that there is not the remotest possibility of the holders thereof receiving anything on the principal of these bonds. The canal having been abandoned the property becomes disintegrated through sales of portions until there remains today in the way of tangible property upon which these bonds are lien a toll bridge across the Susquehanna from Clark's Ferry to Duncan's Island and a dam at Muncy with detached pieces of property here and there, including the Nanticoke dam.

Holders of the bonds have been receiving their interest regularly under an indorsement on the bonds that the Pennsylvania railroad will purchase the interest coupons when due upon presentation. These matured and purchased coupons now in the hands of the Pennsylvania railroad amount in the aggregate to more than \$3,000,000, which is more than could possibly be realized from the property remaining, and, as they take precedence to the bonds themselves, it is not difficult to see where the bondholders stand with regard to their principal.

Lloyd and Freida of Berwick.

Mr. Henrie has the following brothers and sisters: Harvey Henrie of Bloomsburg; I. D. Henrie and Steward Henrie, of Orangeville; Mrs. Jurd Hutton of Fowlersville; Boyd Henrie of Kingston and Mrs. M. E. Seybert of Light Street.

The funeral was held Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Relatives and intimate friends met at the house, in Berwick, where brief private services were conducted by the Rev. C. R. Botsford, pastor of the Lutheran Church. The cortege then went to Pine Grove Cemetery where interment was made after which public services were held in the Lutheran church. These services were largely attended, the members of the Lodge of Owls attending in a body.

## TOWNSEND'S

UP - TO - DATE

CLOTHING STORE!

SEE

THE VERY

NEW HAT

NOW ON DISPLAY

IN

Window.

## TOWNSEND'S

CORNER

CLOTHING STORE,  
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

## He Was Really A Great Detective

Mrs. Parmenter had telephoned to her husband at noon, to tell him that the diamonds had not been found. Parmenter left his office and went over to see Swezey about it at once.

The stenographer, who had been very sympathetic, had recommended Swezey's agency. She did not know Swezey herself, but a young woman friend of hers was Swezey's cousin, and she knew that he was just grand. Parmenter expected to see a gentleman with a high, intellectual brow, a grave, inscrutable face—the face of a student and an eye that had a habit of suddenly leaping from sleepy lids into a penetrating luminosity, and he was a little disappointed when the great detective proved to be dumpy in figure, peep-eyed and fat faced. His heavy mustache, which was of a jetty blackness, except near the roots, where it had a rather rusty tinge, was also in the nature of a disillusionment to Parmenter; so was the flat, black, semi-circular curl that decorated Swezey's forehead.

Still, if Swezey was a disappointment in other respects, his inscrutability left nothing to be desired. A wooden Indian standing in front of a cigar store is not more inscrutable than Swezey was.

He waved Parmenter to a richly carved chair in his desk and invited him to state the case. Then he left the stump of an evil-smelling cigar, and composed himself in a listening attitude, with his feet on his desk.

There was not much to tell. Mrs. Parmenter had worn the diamonds to the theatre. She remembered perfectly that she took them off when she retired that night, but the following afternoon she had been unable to find them.

It had happened that in the morning a young man applied for assistance at the front door. The poor fellow had just been discharged from the hospital and he asked for some cast-off garments. The maid had incautiously left the door open while she went to tell the mistress, and had then returned to the kitchen, still leaving the door open, while Mrs. Parmenter rummaged for some old clothes in the garret.

There had been ample time for the young man to ransack the house, as Mrs. Parmenter recalled when she missed her jewels.

Swezey chewed his cigar reflectively and frowned at the almanac on the wall.

Presently he turned suddenly on Parmenter and the pop eyes bored into that gentleman's inmost soul.

"Have you told me everything you know?" he asked.

"I think that is everything," replied Parmenter.

"You think. But are you sure?" demanded the great detective.

"Everything that is material," said Parmenter.

"See here, Cap," said Swezey. "A guy that ain't in the business don't know what's material and what ain't. You tell me all there is to tell—See? Or, I tell you what I'll do. There ain't none of my men around just now, so I guess I'll take this case myself. We'll go to lunch and you can get busy giving me the rest of it while we chew."

They went to lunch. Swezey was an expensive feeder. As he explained to Parmenter, the best was none too good for him and he liked lots of it—especially when another feller is footing the bill," he added, humorously.

Meanwhile he put a number of questions to Parmenter, eliciting the fact that Mrs. Parmenter occasionally played bridge whist.

"Not that I can see how Mrs. Parmenter's amusements can be any concern of yours," said Parmenter, with considerable heat.

"Certainly not; certainly not," said Swezey, soothingly. "I was just asking. There's nothing in that. My wife plays bridge herself. She can put it all over me at seven-up. Now, as to the hired girl of yours—"

"There's another thing I want to speak to you about," said Parmenter. "We haven't the slightest suspicion of the maid. We think everything of her and we wouldn't have her feelings hurt for the world. If you have to question her, I should like you to be very tactful."

"You leave that to me, Cap," said Swezey, reassuringly. "I don't suppose your good lady noticed whether that guy that came to the door for a handout had a mole on the back of his neck—a brown mole?"

"She didn't mention it," replied Parmenter. "Why?"

"It looks to me like Rat-Tail Kelly's work," said Swezey. "If he had that mole, it was Rat-Tail—and, you see that finger?"

He held up a stubby and rather dirty forefinger for Parmenter's distinguished inspection.

"I can put that finger—right—on—Kelly," said the detective impressively. "Any time I want him, I can put that finger—right—on him."

They went down to Bibberley Heights together. Mr. Swezey enlivening the journey with anecdotes illustrative of his professional sagacity. At the station Mr. Swezey interviewed the agent regarding "Rat-Tail" with great effect, so that the agent, the baggage man and two casual passengers stood on the platform to watch his departure and three small boys followed him to the very door of the Parmenter residence, where they were driven away with difficulty.

After going all over the ground again accompanied by Mrs. Parmenter, Swezey asked to be allowed to interview Elise in the kitchen. Parmenter and his wife listened.

"See here, little one," said the detective tactfully. "I'm Swezey. I'm a detective, and I'm here after them diamonds. What's more, I'm wise to you—See? Now, all you've got to do is just tell me where you've put them—See? We won't have no trouble, you and me. All you've got to do is to own up and you'll be let off easy. You try any funny business with me and—"

At this juncture Parmenter and his wife interfered, and Swezey rather sulkily desisted.

"Is there anybody else in the house?" he asked.

"The furnace man," replied Parmenter, "but he—"

"Now, Cap," said the detective. "If you want me to get you them diamonds, you've got to let me go about it my own way. Is your furnace man down in the basement? This is the door, ain't it? I'll go down. Don't you trouble."

He went down and Mrs. Parmenter soothed the weeping Elise, while her husband stood looking helplessly on. In a few moments there was a bang and a clatter of broken glass below and the detective reappeared, with a very red face and breathing hard from his hurried ascent of the stairs.

"He threw the ash sifter at me and it knocked some bottles off a shelf," explained Swezey. "I believe I've got the right clue, but that man must not be allowed to get away."

Thereupon he began a systematic search, beginning at the garret. He felt along the rafters, he examined the floors, he ransacked trunks that had not been opened in years, he pawed over Mrs. Parmenter's party frocks and hummaged among her toilet articles.

To Mrs. Parmenter's eminently natural protests he answered, not unreasonably, that when he had found out all the places that the diamonds were not, it was a pipe that he'd know the place where they were.

By that time he had worked down to the parlor.

"Oh, go ahead," said Parmenter, in a rather disgusted tone, and went out of the room.

Thereupon Swezey turned to Mrs. Parmenter. "Excuse me, but you've been losing money at bridge whist lately, haven't you?" he said.

Mrs. Parmenter stared at him, speechless with amazement.

"I had a hunch that them diamonds wasn't lost right from the start," said Swezey, with a confident smile. "I know you ladies get up against it once in a while and have to get money somewhere. Particularly when their husbands is a little on the tightwad order. Understand, I ain't blaming you. Them diamonds was yours and—"

"Margie!" called Parmenter from upstairs. "I've got them."

The next moment he came running most recklessly down the stairs with a chamouis-skin bag in his hand.

"They'd get among the bedsprings," he said. "You must have put them under your pillow when you went to bed, and they managed to slip down. You know, I told you that perhaps they might be under the springs, Mr. Swezey."

"Sure," answered the detective, imperturbably. "I was just going to ask you to help me take them springs off. Let me have a look at them diamonds, if you don't mind."

Parmenter handed him the bag and he emptied it into his palm and gazed at the jewels long and earnestly. Then he put them back into the bag and handed them to Mrs. Parmenter.

"There are your diamonds, ma'am," he said, with an air. "I'll know them diamonds anywhere—if it's twenty years from now. If ever you lose them again, you must send for me."

Swezey's bill for his valued services was \$25.—KENNETT HARRIS.

### The Same Stock.

People who knew the Huntley family, "root and branch," always said that there could be only one other person in the world as blunt and tactless as James Huntley—and that was his cousin William. James lived in New York and William in Boston. One day James appeared at William's home just at dinner-time.

"Well, this is a surprise!" said William. "You're the last person in the world I should have expected to see to-night! Got tired of home?"

"You wouldn't have seen me if I could have got through my business in time to catch the three o'clock train," said James. "I tried hard enough."

The cousins looked cheerfully at each other and were quite unaware of the frantic efforts made by Mrs. William to guide the conversation into a smooth channel. Seated at last at the dinner table, and attacking the roast beef, the host said:

"If I'd known you were going to drop in on us this way, without any warning, I'd have ordered a better dinner."

"Don't trouble about that," said James, heartily. "It does well enough and next time I'll be sure to let you know beforehand."

### The Same Dimensions.

The bride-to-be had the air of one who is unreconciled to the existing state of affairs. "Can't we take a wedding trip, as we'd planned?" she asked, plaintively.

"Not just now," said the young man, "on account of my partner's illness."

"I thought it would be such fun, taking that six days' journey in the cars!" she sighed.

"Well, now, see here," said the young man. "If we take the flat I looked at yesterday, it'll be just the same as living in the parlor-car state-room, except that the scenery won't change."

## CHINESE SMUGGLER IS VERY CLEVER

In No Part of the World Are They So Daring as in the Canton Delta

### KITTENS FILLED WITH OPIUM

Many Ways in Which the Seductive Drug is Brought in Contraband—A Surprised Night Patrol—Even Outcast Lepers Used.

In all countries the evasion of fiscal obligations is considered no wrong, and "passing the customs" is generally regarded as a tax upon personal rights. So much is this the case that those who render unto Caesar that which is Caesar's generally do so to escape a worse evil, and seldom from any moral conviction as to what is right and what is wrong. In this one respect, at least, East and West may be said to have met, for in no country in the world has the art of smuggling reached a higher standard than in China and in no part of China have smugglers become so daring or so ingenious as in the famous Canton delta, whose innumerable and intricate waterways spread their welcome arms to shield wrongdoers and embarrass pursuit.

John Chinaman is a born gambler, and as often as not stakes his acuteness against lawful authority merely for the love of play.

The heavy duty on opium and the comparative ease with which it can be secreted naturally place it in the front rank of desirable contraband, and many a ball of the seductive drug has found its way into Canton from that acknowledged base and happy hunting ground of criminals, the British free port of Hong Kong, without his imperial majesty Kuang Hsu being a cent the richer.

Many are the methods adopted and the precautions taken by those nimble evaders of the law. Floats and sinks, the outcome of the most fertile imagination and the most careful study, are the most frequent means used, and at a given signal from the shore the whole consignment is dropped overboard from one of the palatial river steamers running between Canton and Hong Kong, to be eventually picked up at a convenient time by receivers on land.

On one occasion a handsome cat, with kittens, was noticed on board one of these steamers, and after a time it was remarked that the kittens did not appear to grow any larger. An inquisitive custom house officer in Canton found upon examination that they were all dummies, filled with opium, and it was recalled that this lucrative imposition had been going on for weeks.

Again, the Canton customs night patrol going the rounds of the crowded harbor took shelter one night from a violent summer squall under the huge paddle sponsons of a well known river steamer. "Is that you?" inquired a voice from above in Chinese. "Yes," replied the customs officer, with quick perception. "Then catch," answered the mysterious interlocutor, passing down half a dozen balls of opium, the share of which meant much prize money for the lucky gig's crew. The smuggler was, of course, waiting for a confederate whom the customs officer unwittingly forestalled.

On another occasion the inspector general of customs, Sir Robert Hart himself, was visiting Canton, and in the evening at dinner was obliged to apologize to his hostess. "You must excuse my costume," he said, "for the customs have seized my boxes." It was indeed true, as one of his Chinese servants, never suspecting that the inspector general's personal effects would be disturbed, formed a syndicate with some enterprising friends, and half-filled one of the trunks in his charge with contraband.

Salt, that daily necessity of life, being a government monopoly in China, is subject to official regulations which add to its cost and lessen its quality. The duty indirectly paid on this article may be styled the income-tax of China, since all must use this everywhere indispensable commodity. Salt, therefore, naturally comes within the scope of the contrabandist, and smuggled salt, by reason of its cheapness, commands a ready sale. It differs from opium, however, inasmuch as its bulk renders concealment difficult and landing it at its destination risky. The majority of salt smugglers are, therefore, the Chinese crews of the carrying vessels, working in conjunction with accomplices ashore. It is as often as not concealed among the bunker coal, and kept there until a favorable opportunity for landing presents itself.

At one of the river ports some years back the crime of "salt running" assumed such startling dimensions that extraordinary precautions to put a stop to it were introduced, which proved efficacious for a time. Later, however, it was noticed that sampans, or small boats, manned by those unhappy outcasts, lepers, were becoming more numerous, and it was soon discovered that they were engaged to land the salt, as they were perhaps not unreasonably assumed that customs officers, however zealous, would at least respect the inviolability of these fatal craft, and it was not until the aid of the local magistrate was invoked that these adjunctive smugglers were forbidden the port.

### MISSION WORK IN HAWAII.

Educational System—Results of the Labor of the Missionaries.

Most Americans will admit that it was fortunate for the predominance of American civilization in Hawaii that the American Missionaries were the first on the ground and were thoroughly established there in advance of any competing religion, says the Honolulu Advertiser. They brought the rugged old tenets of their Puritan ancestors. They taught them with intense conviction and flaming zeal. They soon established complete ascendancy over the minds of chiefs and people. In 25 years their labors had converted the social system of Hawaii from barbarism to civilization; its political, from despotism to constitutional liberty.

Hawaii thus became a welcoming home for civilized enterprise and free American activity in time for the new California era in the Pacific. The numerous mission families with their churches and schools formed a favoring nucleus for the establishment of a growing white community of a high social order, the parent of the delightful social status now found on all the islands.

Conspicuous among the leading fruits of missionary labor is our splendid system of education which reaches every child of whatever race, guiding him into familiarity with English, and upward toward free education in the high school. And here it is simply due to recognize the efficiency of the operation of the Roman Catholic mission. Although of French race, those good men and women have applied themselves with zeal and ability to the promotion of English education. To attest this is the great St. Louis College, in which a corps of highly trained American brothers for many years have educated many hundreds of successful pupils. Also the Convent of the Sacred Heart, where the sisters have given pure and graceful culture to many hundreds of Hawaiian girls.

The mission also supplies a most wholesome supervising and parental influence in our large Portuguese community, whose orderly and industrious character indispensably needs such supervising and nurture. In this and other ways the strong police power of the Catholic pastors becomes of high public value.

The Protestant churches make the claim of upholding a higher standard of domestic and social life, after the New England rather than the French patterns. As an example it was claimed during the epidemic of cholera 10 years ago in Honolulu that owing to their superior intelligence and more sanitary home life no case of cholera appeared in any household of the Protestant church members. But we believe that every Protestant worker would readily admit that the competition of the Catholic religion has been to them a wholesome stimulus to pastoral activity and antidote to sluggish proclivities. The two types of the Christian religion are evidently destined to a long continuance in Hawaii.

### Raising Blue Foxes in Alaska.

But one litter is born each year, and that in May, says Forest and Stream. The number of cubs ranges from four to as high as eleven. The average number that reach maturity is about two or three to the female. The fox lives and brings forth its young in a burrow or den about like that of a red fox, except that the blue fox is very fond of digging under the buildings on the islands. If there is a floor they are sure to have one or two dens under it if permitted to do so. They will also den under suitable piles of old lumber, logs or trash of any kind that will keep the water off.

They are very suspicious of any person or thing coming near their burrows. If they are at all disturbed while their pups are young, they are said to move their young to another burrow. This is one reason why it is a bad plan to keep cattle on the same island with or on that part of the island frequented by the foxes and used for burrows. They are not quarrelsome or vicious like other foxes. In close confinement they will kill and eat one of their own kind that is injured or weak and I suppose if starved to it would eat each other.

It is difficult to learn very much about their habits where they are running loose on an island. They now and then have "scraps." Let a fox go where he does not belong and you will soon hear a great racket. You will think a fox was being killed and if in sight will soon see one getting away as fast as possible, yelping like a whipped dog.

### Colors That Cure Consumption.

The value of light as an agent in curing diseases is becoming increasingly recognized. The latest development of the idea is the assertion of a medical man that the clothes worn by consumptives should be of a color which will allow the light to penetrate the body. White materials, it is found, are best for this purpose, and consumptives are consequently advised to clothe themselves in snowy raiment, either of linen, velvet, cotton, or cloth. Silk, however, is barred. Next in curative value comes blue, but it is far inferior to white. Materials of black, red, yellow, or green are said to be useless, as they prevent the passage of the germicidal rays.—London Exchange.

Times are dull for the reformers when they are good for every one else, the wonderful career of Napoleon.

# CASTORIA

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## Bachelor Queen

"Old maids are a nuisance and old bachelors are an abomination," exclaimed sprightly Marie Courtleigh. The girls at the summer institute of Forest Lake were busy at work at their benches preparing lettuce slips for transplanting. They were enjoying camp life with its attendant discipline and studying school gardening at the same time. At the bugle call of "reveille" they arose each morning and worked, studied and recreated at stated periods. Every night when the sad echoes of "taps" reverberated from the surrounding hillsides, all lights were out, the camp was still, and Morpheus reigned supreme.

"Oh, the odium attached to spinsterhood," laughingly interposed Miss Gordon, one of the summer school instructors and matrons of the dormitory, suddenly appearing in the doorway. "What horrible creatures old maids are. Why does not Oslar administer some of his soothing chloroform to these useless creatures and consign them to sweet oblivion? Girls, I beg of you, escape if possible this sad state of single blessedness; but if Fate should unkindly relegate you to sip your cup of tea in a lonely corner when you are old and gray, reject the odious title of 'old maid' and adopt the modern term of 'bachelor girl'."

The girls stood aghast at this unexpected speech from their beloved teacher. She was a woman in middle life, intellectual, refined and sympathetic, the idol of her girls because of her scholarly attainments and her sterling qualities. In youth she had been fair as a goddess. Her Grecian head, crowned with a glory of silver gray hair waved over a smooth, broad forehead; grayish blue eyes, patrician nose and firm mouth bespoke honorable ancestry and gentle breeding. The years had dealt kindly with her; nature had not robbed her of many of her youthful charms, for she proved a kind mother to her ardent devotees. Marie felt that she must redeem herself in her favorite's estimation, and apologetically added, "Miss Gordon, when girls get together, 'the eternal he' is generally the subject of consideration. I wonder if 'the eternal she' is the topic when the lords of creation assemble."

"Undoubtedly it is," said Miss Gordon, "although I say so tentatively, as I have not had the opportunities afforded me to settle that question beyond the shadow of a doubt. But, jesting aside, girls, I have come to ask you to honor me with your presence at a farewell chafin dish and marshmallow party to-morrow evening at the 'Bungalow.' The board of administration has allowed us the use of the building until the first call of 'taps.' Will you come, my friends?" "Of course we will," chimed all the girls, surrounding their "summer mother," dancing and singing a song composed in her honor by one of their number.

The next evening the "Bungalow" presented a scene from fairyland. A log fire was burning in the open fireplace, lighted Japanese lanterns swung gaily to and fro, and the girls in their airy muslin gowns gave the final touch of fresh, vivacious, bubbling, mirthful life. Miss Gordon presided at the chafin dish, assisted by her dancing butterflies. Marshmallows galore were toasted on hatpins before the open fire. Finally, the repast of fudge, sandwiches and fancy cakes was spread upon the floor, and all sat in a circle around the fireplace.

"A story, a story from Miss Gordon," shouted athletic Alice Burkhardt when interest in eating began to wane. Miss Gordon bowed graciously, saying, "I will tell you a true story of 'A Girl That I Have Known.'"

"Some years ago in New York I knew a young woman of 19 who was preparing to be a teacher. She was of an intense nature, strong in her likes and dislikes. The mediocre never satisfied her; she was seeking the ideal in life. Her friends said she would never marry because the paragon she sought did not exist in human form. Yet they were wrong in their conclusion.

"When her training was over she elected to work in the East Side, in that congested district where the stunted flowers in the Lord's garden do not enjoy their rightful heritage of fresh air, sunshine and cleanliness. Here she met a young physician, another enthusiast, aiming to be a leader in his profession. His specialty was the study of the 'Great White Plague,' its cause, treatment and eradication. These two idealists became engaged, but their hopes of marriage were never realized, as he died a victim of typhoid. She still labors in her chosen sphere, teaching the beauties of God's creation to the children of the Ghetto. Her labor may not bear fruit in this generation, but it cannot fail to reap results in the next."

Just then Miss Gordon arose to sound the first call of "taps." The girls remained motionless, awed by the subdued voice of the narrator and the dull flashes of light reflected on the rafters from the dying embers. "It is the story of her own life," whispered Alice to the wondering group.

## WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 12, 1910.

The "joy rides of junketers" might be used as a title for the side line of investigation which is being conducted by the lower House of Congress. The trans-Atlantic expense account of the travels of the Immigration Committee in 1907 is being examined by unfeeling fellow Representatives who didn't go and take delight in pointing out that the commission spent nearly seven hundred thousand dollars in its summer jaunt. The records have been searched and the items of expense show that the junketers in quest for immigration facts visited catacombs and ancient tombs, sailed on the blue lakes of Killarney, trekked in fashion through the poppy plains of Palestine, loitered in the spicy gardens of Venice. In the intervals of travel they drank wines and highballs without stint. They were shaved and manicured and brushed and massaged at Government expense. They rode in automobiles on the Appian Way, took carriages back and forth from dinners and luncheons at the Embassies, attended the Operas, jolted in jaunting cars, in Ireland, rode in broughams to the Tower of London, the British Museum, the shopping districts of London, the House of Lords and to cut it short, did a vast number of agreeable things at considerable expense to Uncle Sam that cannot be figured out as necessary in a quest for immigration facts. There were six members of the Commission and seven employees. Most of them were accompanied by their wives and various other members of their families. One of the ladies of the party was invested with the Order of Kindness by the Sultan after the party had participated in the gorgeous festivities at the Turkish Bazaar for a period long enough, an unsympathetic legislator from the South asserts, would have been sufficient for the whole investigation. It is up to the Commission now to show what the Government got in return for all this luxurious "investing."

What did the Commission find out about the White Slave trade while it explored the catacombs of Syracuse? What helpful discoveries were made in the ruins of Messina? What immigration reforms were planned and executed over all those bottles of black and white and siphons of soda? The immigration has been very busy ever since its return telling how little the country paid for the benefits that resulted from the trip. It employs more clerks than any other Committee to sift, sort, and compile the masses of discoveries it has made with reference to immigrants and immigration conditions. As one member puts it, "their clerks are under every one's feet."

The truth of it is, though, no one cares what they did or how much they learned. The time is ripe to eliminate the junket from the national expense account. Railroad passes and corporation favors have been cut out of the legislators' perquisites. The idea that the public office is a private graft has been slowly going out of fashion. From the view point of an outsider one junket is as bad as another. They are all based on the grasping mania to get something without paying for it. The idea is that Uncle Sam is rich enough to give members of Congress and their families trips to Europe. If the Immigration Commission is to be made the scapegoat for all the offenses of the kind of which Congress is guilty, it is unfortunate for the Immigration Commission but the public stand ready to forgive and forget if all the other committees sighing for travel will promise not to do it again. The fact that the President, then Secretary of War, led one of the largest and most extravagant parties around the world on a government junket need not figure in the scandal. The public is tired of muck raking but it wants Congress to sit tight on the lid of the treasury when Committees propose traveling "investigations."

The senate has adopted a resolution which inaugurates the official attempt of Congress to find out what is the matter with the prices. Senator Elkins and Senator Lodge have jointly worked out the program for the investigation into the high cost of living. Washington appears to be a kind of center of high food price disturbance. Prices are from 10 per cent. to 30 per cent. higher here than in other eastern

cities. The bill which the Senate has just passed has had a stormy history. Some weeks ago Senator Elkins of West Virginia presented a bill in the Senate during the absence of Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, who has been in Florida for his health. Simultaneously with his return, Senator Lodge of Massachusetts presented a bill much less searching than the one presented by Senator Elkins, but Lodge's bill was immediately taken up and reported, while Senator Elkins' bill had long been pigeon-holed. The reporting of Lodge's bill and the ignoring of that of Elkins caused the belligerent West Virginia Senator to make some remarks in the Senate parliamentary but severe, directed mainly to Senator Aldrich. He plainly indicated that it was the intention of Mr. Lodge's bill to play around the subject with a view to exculpate the tariff influences on high prices. Mr. Elkins evidently struck a popular chord, for the responses through the press, by letter and telegram from different parts of the country have influenced the majority in the Senate to accept and present a bill sufficiently searching in terms to make the investigation under it find whatever there is. It seems strange indeed, that bread and meat and other substantial should be higher in this country of plenty than in the densely crowded countries of Europe—strange that we are exporting food stuffs to different parts of the world where the ultimate consumer pays less than do our own citizens. Granted that we are extravagant and wasteful and that we lack thrift such as is practiced in France, Germany, Italy and in the Scandinavian countries. There would appear to be other reason why housekeepers pay more for their substantial of life in America and why the \$3 hotels in Europe are better than the \$6 hotels in the United States.

### NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products  
Quoted for the Week.

MILK—Per quart, 4c.  
BUTTER—Western extra, 29¢30¢;  
State dairy, 24¢25¢.  
CHEESE—State, Full cream, special, 17½¢18¢.  
EGGS—State, Fair to choice, 25¢26¢; do, western firsts, 27¢29¢.  
APPLES—Baldwin, per bbl., \$2.25@4.25.  
DRESSED POULTRY—Chickens, per lb., 15¢21¢; Cocks, per lb., 14¢;  
Squabs, per dozen, \$1.50@5.50.  
HAY—Prime, per 100 lbs., \$1.20.  
STRAW—Long Rye, per 100 lbs., 80¢90¢.  
POTATOES—State, per bag, 40¢85¢.  
ONIONS—White, per crate, 25¢50¢.  
FLOUR—Winter patents, \$5.50@6.00;  
Spring patents, \$5.50@6.85.  
WHEAT—No. 2, red, \$1.30; No. 1, Northern Duluth, \$1.25%.  
CORN—No. 2, 70¢72¢.

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Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Berwick:

| A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 5:00  | 12:50 | 7:50  |
| 5:40  | 1:50  | 8:50  |
| 6:20  | 2:50  | 9:50  |
| 6:50  | 3:50  | 10:50 |
| 7:50  | 4:50  | 11:50 |
| 8:50  | 5:50  |       |
| 9:50  | 6:50  |       |
| 10:50 |       |       |
| 11:50 |       |       |

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6:50 a. m.

\* From Power House.  
† Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville:

| A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 6:00  | 12:00 | 6:00  |
| 7:00  | 1:00  | 7:00  |
| 7:20  | 1:20  | 8:00  |
| 8:00  | 2:00  | 9:00  |
| 9:00  | 3:00  | 10:00 |
| 10:00 | 4:00  | 11:00 |
| 11:00 | 5:00  | 12:00 |
|       |       | 1:00  |

First car leaves Berwick for Danville on Sunday at 8:00 a. m.

\* Bloomsburg Only.  
† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Danville:

| A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 5:10  | 12:10 | 6:10  |
| 6:00  | 1:10  | 7:10  |
| 7:10  | 2:10  | 8:10  |
| 8:10  | 3:10  | 9:10  |
| 9:10  | 4:10  | 10:10 |
| 10:10 | 5:10  | 11:10 |
| 11:10 |       |       |

First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7:10 a. m.

\* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick:

| A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 6:00  | 12:00 | 6:00  |
| 7:00  | 1:00  | 7:00  |
| 8:00  | 2:00  | 8:00  |
| 9:00  | 3:00  | 9:00  |
| 10:00 | 4:00  | 10:00 |
| 11:00 | 5:00  | 11:00 |
|       |       | 12:00 |

First car leaves Danville for Berwick on Sunday at 8:00 a. m.

\* Bloomsburg Only.  
† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Catawissa:

| A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 5:30  | 12:30 | 6:00  |
| 6:15  | 1:15  | 7:00  |
| 7:00  | 2:00  | 8:00  |
| 7:50  | 3:00  | 9:00  |
| 8:40  | 4:00  | 10:00 |
| 9:30  | 5:00  | 11:00 |
| 10:20 |       |       |
| 11:10 |       |       |

First car leaves Market Square for Catawissa on Sunday at 7:00 a. m.

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† P. R. R. Connections.

Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg:

| A. M. | P. M. | P. M. |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 5:50  | 12:50 | 6:30  |
| 6:35  | 1:35  | 7:30  |
| 7:30  | 2:30  | 8:30  |
| 8:30  | 3:30  | 9:30  |
| 9:30  | 4:30  | 10:30 |
| 10:30 | 5:30  | 11:30 |
| 11:30 |       |       |

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### NORTHWARD.

|                       | A. M. | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Bloomsburg D. L. & W. | 9:00  | 9:37  | 6:15  | 6:04  |
| Bloomsburg P. & R.    | 9:02  | 9:39  | 6:17  |       |
| Paper Mill            | 9:14  | 9:51  | 6:29  | 6:23  |
| Light Street          | 9:18  | 9:55  | 6:34  | 6:06  |
| Orangeville           | 9:26  | 10:03 | 6:42  | 6:20  |
| Porta                 | 9:36  | 10:13 | 6:52  | 7:05  |
| Zaners                | 9:40  | 10:17 | 6:57  | 7:15  |
| Stillwater            | 9:48  | 10:25 | 7:05  | 7:33  |
| Benton                | 9:56  | 10:33 | 7:13  | 7:49  |
| Edsons                | 10:00 | 10:37 | 7:17  | 7:59  |
| Coles Creek           | 10:08 | 10:45 | 7:21  | 8:06  |
| Laubachs              | 10:10 | 10:47 | 7:21  | 8:06  |
| Grass Mere Park       | 10:10 | 10:47 | 7:21  | 8:06  |
| Central               | 10:15 | 10:52 | 7:41  | 8:15  |
| Jamison City          | 10:18 | 10:55 | 7:45  | 8:18  |

### SOUTHWARD.

|                   | A. M. | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Jamison City      | 5:50  | 10:45 | 4:35  | 7:00  |
| Central           | 5:58  | 10:53 | 4:43  | 7:08  |
| Grass Mere Park   | 6:01  | 11:00 | 4:46  | 7:11  |
| Laubachs          | 6:03  | 11:02 | 4:48  | 7:13  |
| Coles Creek       | 6:12  | 11:06 | 4:57  | 7:22  |
| Edsons            | 6:14  | 11:08 | 4:59  | 7:24  |
| Benton            | 6:18  | 11:13 | 5:00  | 7:28  |
| Stillwater        | 6:24  | 11:21 | 5:08  | 7:38  |
| Zaners            | 6:25  | 11:22 | 5:09  | 7:39  |
| Porta             | 6:29  | 11:26 | 5:13  | 7:43  |
| Orangeville       | 6:50  | 11:42 | 5:31  | 8:00  |
| Light Street      | 7:00  | 11:50 | 5:39  | 8:10  |
| Paper Mill        | 7:01  | 11:51 | 5:42  | 8:11  |
| Bloom             | 7:18  | 12:08 | 5:55  | 8:25  |
| Bloom, D. L. & W. | 7:20  | 12:10 | 6:00  | 8:30  |
|                   |       |       |       |       |

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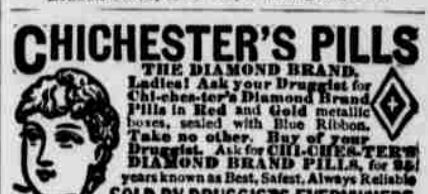
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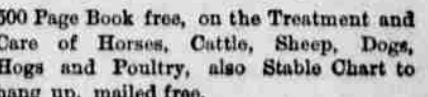
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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1910

## DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES

FOR REPRESENTATIVE,

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,  
of Bloomsburg.

Tariff Taxes and Poverty.

Sixty thousand persons were obliged to appeal to the charity organizations of New York for the necessities of life, within the last year, according to published statistics. This is an increase of fifty per cent. over the previous record and a greater number than during any previous similar period of time. These applicants were not profligates or criminals, paying the penalty of vices or improvidence. That sort don't go to organized charities for relief, for the reason that they know that there is method in such beneficences. The applicants referred to were sober and industrious men and women, willing and able to work but unable to procure employment.

Of course the same conditions which exist in New York obtain in other centres of population, and about in the same ratio to population. In other words there are probably nearly a million men and women in this country of industrial progress suffering from the want of food and other necessities of life. All this is ascribed to the high cost of living. If meat and vegetables were only half as expensive the number of sufferers would be diminished, naturally. But there are reasons for the high cost of living and the reasons responsible for one are the direct causes of the other. They are twin iniquities and can't be separated. The Republican party is responsible for both.

Two years ago the president of the American Manufacturers' association stated to a congressional committee that the Dingley tariff robbed the industrial life of the country of a million dollars a day through excessive prices on products which it made possible. Since that time President Taft has stated that the Dingley rates were excessive, burdensome and ought to be reduced. But instead of fulfilling the promises of Taft Congress has greatly increased the tariff rates and added to the vast total of the robbery of the people. This sinister service for the trusts has caused the increase of the prices of food and clothing and multiplied the number of people dependent upon charity.

Watchman.

## Not Coughing Today?

Yet you may cough tomorrow! Better be prepared for it when it comes. Ask your doctor about keeping Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house. Then when the hard cold or cough first appears you have a doctor's medicine at hand. Your doctor's approval of its use will certainly set all doubt at rest. Do as he says. He knows. No alcohol in this cough medicine. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Robust health is a great safeguard against attacks of throat and lung troubles, but constipation will destroy the best of health. Ask your doctor about Ayer's Pills.

## ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Speaker Cannon tells of the Martyred President, in a speech at Pittsburgh.

Abraham Lincoln, as Speaker Joseph G. Cannon knew him, as the young lawyer traveling through the frontier of Illinois, then the commanding figure in the debates with Douglass, the presidential nominee of the new-born Republican party, and finally leader of the nation through four years of civil war and the starting of reconstruction, was pictured on the screen of memory Saturday night before the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, at its Lincoln memorial dinner.

Speaker Cannon's address was merely a few leaves from his memoirs of the martyred President, a few glances and side lights upon association which began when both were young lawyers practicing before the same bar.

### FIRST GREAT REPUBLICAN LEADER.

Once the reference to politics entered the Speaker's words and that was when he declared the Republican party of today was the party of Abraham Lincoln and that Lincoln was one of the founders of the party and its first great leader.

"The most fitting monument to Lincoln is the party he helped to organize and the achievements of the party he helped develop for the lasting benefit of the whole country, east and west, north and south, white and black, bond and free," declared the Speaker.

"The principles embodied in the first platform are still the principles of the party. Lincoln will always be known as the first and foremost Republican. He was a party man, battling for principles which his party represented and which he believed to be of vital interest to the American people. He led in the contest when, for the first time, a majority of the electors endorsed the principles and policies laid down in the Republican platform. PLATFORM OF 1908 THAT OF 1860.

"The young man who read the Republican platform of 1908 will find in it the platform of Lincoln in 1860. The majority of the people have failed only twice in fifty years to sustain this platform. And after each of these experiments they have come back like the prodigal son, chastened by their experience and glad to see the old home again.

"When Lincoln returned from the Black Hawk war and became a candidate for the Illinois Legislature, though the State was overwhelmingly Democratic, he published his platform:—

"I am for a National Bank; I am for a high protective tariff and the system of international improvements. These are my sentiments and my political principles."

CARDINAL DOCTRINE OF PARTY. "Those became the cardinal doctrine of the Republican party, and Lincoln probably more than any other one man, by his consistent battle in the West developed public sentiment and quickened the public conscience that created the Republican party twenty years later."

Turning back the leaves of his memory to 1858, the Speaker recalled the time when he removed from Indiana to Illinois and became a resident of one of the counties in which Lincoln practiced law. A young lawyer without business, seeking acquaintance of members of the bar, he met Abraham Lincoln and found in him, the first lawyer on the circuit, a kindly man ready to make a helpful suggestion to any one of the young lawyers, of which the Speaker was one.

Again when the Speaker was a delegate to the Republican State convention of 1860 at Illinois at which Lincoln was made the presidential candidate of the State, the men met.

Mr. Cannon drove across the prairie from where he lived to the convention in a wagon—railroads were few and then only building. "The convention was held in a wigwam," said the Speaker, "erected between two buildings, but it was out of doors, covered with green boughs cut from a nearby forest and the ends of the wigwam were open to permit the crowd outside to hear."

"Before the convention was fully organized, Dick Oglesby, afterward Senator and Governor, and John Hanks brought upon the platform two walnut rails said to have been split by Lincoln and Hanks."

### CHEER RAIL SPLITTER.

"There were great cheers for the famous rail splitter. The crowd was so dense that when there was a call for Lincoln it could not be broken to let him through, and he was lifted over the heads of the audience to the platform. Someone cried out:

"Abe, did you split those rails?" "A queer look passed over Lincoln's face and he replied: "John Hanks said we split those

rails. I do not know whether we did or not, but I have split many better ones."

"I met Lincoln only once after his election to the Presidency. He was on his way to Charlestown, Ill., to bid his stepmother goodby before going to Washington. He was traveling on a day train, riding in a day coach and surrounded by other passengers, some congratulating him, others advising, but most of them simply crowding around to shake his hand. They all seemed to know him or felt that they knew him. He made his last visit to his stepmother. She was just a common homespun woman, and to her he remained until the end, just 'My Boy Abe.'

"Through one term as President and the beginning of another, the Speaker sketched in a graphic way Lincoln's life, war, the inevitable, the strife among his advisers, the criticism and abuse heaped upon his head after the first battle of Bull Run, and the almost superhuman task the President carried to win his fight for the right as he saw it.

### HIS REPLY TO PREACHERS.

"When ministers of the gospel came with advice which they believed to be divine inspiration," continued the Speaker, "Lincoln replied that if God intended to give divine advice to anyone, he believed it would come to him upon whom laid the responsibility for he was as anxious as anyone to know the divine will and act in accord with it.

"To me there is no more inspiring incident in our whole history, nor one more pathetic, than that of the tall gaunt form of Lincoln with that sad but serene face, standing out against a darkening sky to assure the men in the field and their supporters at home, that there was still manhood and real leadership in the place of highest responsibility.

"Representative Samuel W. McCall of Massachusetts; Governor Edwin S. Stuart of Pennsylvania, and Bishop C. W. Smith, of the Methodist Church in Alaska, also paid tribute to Abraham Lincoln."

### WHITE SLAVE BILL PASSED.

Senate After Half-Hour's Consideration Adopts House Measure.

The Bennett "white slave" bill regulating the traffic in immoral alien women was passed by the Senate Friday practically in the same form as passed by the House.

Less than half an hour's time was devoted to consideration of the measure in the Senate. When it was called up by Senator Dillingham, Senator Money found fault with one of the re-enactments of the present immigration law. The Mississippi Senator's objection was to the fact that alien laborers afflicted with contagious diseases were excluded, while professional people and others were not. Mr. Money took exception to this discrimination, but after saying that he would introduce a resolution looking to its correction, withdrew all objection to the pending bill.

The bill amends the immigration laws by excluding women who come to the United States for immoral purposes, persons who bring in or attempt to bring in women for such purposes, and those who receive the proceeds of prostitution. The interstate feature of the House measure providing heavy punishment for persons who assist any person, whether alien or native-born, to go from one State to another for immoral purposes was stricken out in the Senate, as the same ground is covered in the Mann bill, which also has passed the House and which will soon be considered by the Senate.

Slight amendments affecting the jurisdiction of Courts conducting the trial of persons covered by the bill were made. The effect of the changes made in the House bill will be to send the measure to conference.

### Anniversary of Destruction of Maine.

The twelfth anniversary of the destruction of the battleship Maine in Havana harbor, occurred last Tuesday. It was made the occasion for memorial services extending over several days in Washington, where a movement to erect at Arlington National cemetery a suitable monument to the sailors who lost their lives in the explosion is under way.

### P. O. S. OF A. CONVENTION.

A bi-county convention of the P. O. S. of A. will be held in Bloomsburg on Washington's Birthday. Nearly one hundred delegates are expected to be present.

Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA

## COME NOW FOR LINENS

Our Semi-Annual Event Emphasizing Marked Economics in Table Linens and Allied Linens.

Come. Select your linens. This is a linen buying time because it's money saving time. There is safety as well as savings in buying linens here. We will tell you whether a cloth is all linen, or cotton and linen mixed. You must not be fooled. But whether you buy all linen or cotton and linen mixtures—you'll get the biggest money's worth you ever secured.

### BLEACHED TABLE LINENS

56 inch bleached table linen, regular value 25c now 20c  
60 inch bleached table linen, regular value 50c now 45c  
66 inch bleached table linen, regular value 75c now 69c  
72 inch bleached table linen, regular value 85c now 73c  
70 inch bleached table linen, regular value \$1 now 86c  
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.15 now 98 cents.  
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.50 now 1.29.  
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.59 now 1.39.  
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 1.75 now 1.59.  
72 inch bleached double damask, regular value 2.25 now 1.98.

### Unbleached Table Linens

56 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 25c now 20c  
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 39c now 32c  
60 in. unbleached table linens, regular value 50c now 45c  
70 in. unbleached linens, regular value 56c now 49c.  
60 in. unbleached linens, regular value 60c now 50c.  
64 in. unbleached linens, regular value 75c now 58c.

### Ready Made Towels Included in This Sale

Plain all linen huckaback towels 18x36 in. very heavy, regular value 50c. now 39c a pair.  
Plain huckaback towels 17x36 in. regular value 30c. now 22 cents a pair.  
Regular 30c Turkish bath towels reduced to 22c a pair.  
Regular 50c Turkish bath towels reduced to 44c a pair.  
Plain huckaback towels 17x32, regular value 20c apiece, now 18c a pair.  
Every towel in stock reduced for this sale, and variety is complete. Buy towels now.

**F. P. PURSEL,**  
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A

## An Irresistible Bargain.

**\$1.75 Value for Only \$1.15.**

ALL FOR

ONLY!

**\$1.15**

One Year's Subscription for  
McCall's Magazine

Any 15-Cent McCall Pattern  
you may select

One Year's Subscription for  
The Columbian.

### McCALL'S MAGAZINE

Is a large, artistic, handsomely illustrated hundred-page monthly magazine. It contains sixty new Fashion Designs in each issue. Every woman needs it for its up-to-date fashions, entertaining stories and complete information on all home and personal topics. Over one million subscribers. Acknowledged the best Home and Fashion Magazine. Regular price, 5 cents a copy. Worth double.

### McCall Patterns

So simple you cannot misunderstand them. Absolutely accurate. In style, irreplaceable. You may select, free, any McCall Pattern you desire from the first number of the magazine which reaches you. Regular price, 15 cents.

### The Columbian

is the oldest newspaper in the county. It is not sensational, and what it prints is reliable, and fit to be read by anybody. Regular price \$1.00 per year.

### DON'T MISS

## THIS EXTRAORDINARY OFFER

Call at our office or address your order to

The Columbian, Bloomsburg, Pa

# AT EVANS'

## STRIKINGLY HANDSOME DRESS BOOT

in the newest style. In dull finish calf with black cloth top, button.

For Women, Price \$3.50.

TRY A PAIR.

## CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.  
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1910

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second-class matter, March 1, 1888.

Andrew Crossley, an aged resident, is seriously ill at the home of Mr. Hoover on Catharine street.

Fred Bangs of this town has enlisted in the Regular Army, and leaves this week for Fort Slocum.

### ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

has been used successfully for years for deep-seated coughs, colds and bronchitis. Everybody should know about it. It is simple, safe and sure. 2-17 ft

Now Dr. Cook is reported as being in South America. Will we hear a reported discovery of the South Pole soon?

A New York clergyman last Sunday called that city "a graveyard for preachers." Rather a noisy cemetery, though.

### This is An Easy Test.

Shake Allen's Foot-Ease in one shoe and not in the other, and notice the difference. Just the thing to use when rubbers or overshoes become necessary, and your shoes seem to pinch. Sold Everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. 2-17 ft

Edward Payson Weston, the veteran pedestrian, is again walking across the continent. At present he is one day ahead of his schedule.

Joseph H. Keenan, of Wilkes-Barre, died last Sunday of Bright's disease, two days after the death of his wife. Mr. Keenan was the promoter and one of the directors of the Bloomsburg Brewing Company.

### THE SECRET OUT.

"What made my lovely complexion? I do not like to tell, for it was medicine, but the nicest woman ever took. It was Loe's Family Medicine that did it." This is a pleasant herb tea which acts favorably on the stomach and bowels, purifying the blood and cleansing the skin like magic. It cures headache and backache. Druggists and dealers sell it, 25c.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office: Mr. Arthur W. Hartman, Mrs. Katie Matherson, Mrs. Alvin Long, McElwaine Company, Miss Ella Neyhard.

Under State complaints, the Baltimore & Ohio has agreed to restore trains discontinued in Allegheny county.

Note that. It is an instance of the State directing the affairs of the railroad. 'Tis not ever thus.

### To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Mrs. C. G. Barkley of town, and Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Garrison of Cortland, N. Y., are on a Southern trip. They anticipate reaching St. Augustine, Fla., Saturday.

Comic valentines received a staggering blow from Chicago post office censors on Monday. More than 25,000 of them were condemned and ordered not to be delivered, on the ground that they were objectionable.

The Jermyn Estate has refused to renew the lease on the Hotel Jermyn, Scranton, and will hereafter conduct the hotel through the executors of the estate. It is reported that three stories will be added to the hotel after April 1.

### BIG YEAR AT THE NORMAL.

The number of students that the Normal School has enrolled this year is the largest in the history of the institution, having reached seven hundred and thirty-six.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

### CHANZY WRECK A HORROR.

Lone Survivor Tells of Fearful Cries and Final Explosion.

Marcel Rodet, the sole survivor of the steamer General Chanzy, which was wrecked last week on a reef off the Island of Minorca, told a thrilling narrative, prior to his departure for France, of the terrible experiences of the steamer and those on board.

"When the Chanzy left Marseilles she encountered a rough sea and a northerly gale. The passengers were not apprehensive, however, and all retired on the night of the ninth in good spirits. At 5 o'clock the next morning I was awakened by a splitting crash, as if the ship's flank had been torn on a ledge. I dressed partially and hurried out of the cabin. Sailors were trying to reassure the passengers, but their words had no effect on the crowd of men and women many of whom were dragging children.

"The darkness added terror to the frightful scene. Enormous seas were breaking over the steamer. One sea ripped off a railing to which a score of women and children were clinging. Their shrieks as they disappeared were drowned by the roar of the storm.

"I saw that it was death to remain, and being an excellent swimmer, I allowed myself to be carried off by the next wave. At the moment the sea swept me shoreward the air was rent by a violent explosion, the wreckage shooting over my head. I turned to look, but the General Chanzy had disappeared. The horrible confusion was soon ended and the cries silenced; the beating storm alone remained. Evidently I lost consciousness, for I remembered no more until I came to on the rocks."

Rodel took refuge in a grotto at the base of a high cliff, where he passed a day and a night. With the wreckage he built barricades to keep off the sea, and appeased his hunger with raw potatoes, which had been cast in his cavern. On the morning of the eleventh he scaled the cliff and wearily dragged himself to the nearest habitation.

The recovery of bodies continues, and they are buried as soon as they are photographed for identification.

### DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been entered on record by Recorder of Deeds Frank W. Miller:

Rose and Wm. Wickham to L. Pollock for property in Briar creek township.

W. E. Michael and wife to H. M. Fetterolf for property in West Berwick.

R. G. Phillips and wife to Robert R. Hartman for property in Bloomsburg.

Dora E. Enke et al to B. S. Kelchner for property in Briar creek township.

John E. Shuman and wife to Laura B. Aikman for property in Center township.

M. Campbell and wife to Obediah and James Fox for property in Cleveland township.

Howard Fox et al to Wm. H. Dimmick for property in Cleveland township.

P. Strauser and wife to M. V. Strauser for property in Roaring creek township.

David R. Hower to M. P. Strauser for property in Roaring creek township.

M. Strauser and wife to M. P. Strauser for property in Roaring creek township.

M. Strauser and wife to M. P. Strauser for property in Roaring creek township.

Henry Leiby and wife to M. P. Strauser for property in Roaring creek township.

C. C. Mensch and wife to J. C. Mensch et al for property in Roaring creek township.

W. W. Black, sheriff, to L. C. Mensch et al for property in Roaring creek township.

E. W. Wyncoop Estate to M. M. Wright for property in Bloomsburg.

B. F. Sharpless to Catawissa National Bank for a tract of land in Scott township.

Berwick Land and Improvement Co. to George Chukala for a property in the Borough of West Berwick.

Reuben Fess and wife to George W. Keiter for a property in Town of Bloomsburg.

George W. Keiter and wife to Mary Emma Bessick for a property in Town of Bloomsburg.

E. F. Strauch and wife to Perry Fauser for a property in Jackson township.

George E. Creasy and wife to H. W. Hess for a property in Mifflin township.

Levi Mausteller et al to H. W. Hess for a property in Mifflin township.

H. W. Hess estate to M. J. Hess for tract of land in Main township.

H. W. Hess estate to M. J. Hess for tract of land in Mifflin township.

H. W. Hess estate to M. J. Hess for tract of land in Fishing creek township.

H. W. Hess estate to M. J. Hess for a property in Mifflin township.

H. W. Hess estate to M. J. Hess for a property in Mifflin township.

H. W. Hess estate to M. J. Hess for a property in Mifflin township.

John D. Reinhold to Adam Rarig for a tract of land in Locust township.

Lloyd T. Sharpless and wife to Abner Welsh for a property in the Town of Bloomsburg.

Abner Welsh estate to Sarah J. Kester for a property in the Town of Bloomsburg.

Lehigh Valley Coal Co. to Rachel Applegate for a property in Aristes.

Isaiah Raber and wife to S. C. Creasy for a property in the Town of Bloomsburg.

Jason A. Rhoades and wife to John F. Deppen for a property in the Borough of West Berwick.

Thomas V. Stackhouse to E. C. Stackhouse for a tract of land in Pine township.

George W. Adams and wife to Thomas J. Hoffman for a property in Town of Bloomsburg.

### MEDICAL SOCIETY MEETING.

The regular monthly meeting of the Columbia County Medical Society was held Tuesday at the St. Charles, Berwick, when the following program was carried out: "Acute Pleuritis," Dr. R. O. Davis, with the discussion led by Dr. M. McHenry; "Pleuro-Pneumonia," by Dr. D. M. Hess; "The Diagnosis and Treatment of Pleuritis with Effusion," by Dr. J. K. Levan, with the discussion led by Dr. H. V. Hower, of Mifflinville.

Present at the meeting were the following named members: Dr. B. F. Gardner, Dr. S. B. Arment, Dr. J. W. Bruner, Dr. J. J. Brown, Dr. R. E. Miller, of Bloomsburg; Dr. C. T. Steck, Dr. J. H. Bowman, Dr. J. B. Follmer, Dr. W. C. Hensyl, Dr. J. Kimber Levan, Dr. W. C. Vance and Dr. Joseph Cohen, of Berwick; Dr. L. B. Kline, Dr. J. M. Vastine, Catawissa; Dr. R. E. Warntz, Nescopeck; Dr. M. M. McHenry, Benton; Dr. D. M. Hess, Rohrsburg; Dr. G. Follmer, Rohrsburg.

### MAKING FINE PROGRESS.

At the recent graduation exercises of Public School No. 93 in New York city, in a class of fifty-six Miss Louise Smith was one of the honor students, and she also received a gold medal prize in the Science course.

Excellent reports have been received of the progress of Ethelbert Talbot Smith at Trinity College, Hartford, where he entered last year.

These are the children of Dr. and Mrs. Edward F. Smith of New York, former residents of Bloomsburg. Mrs. Smith is the daughter of the late Col. Samuel Knorr.

### SCRAPS IN CONYNGHAM.

The election gave East North Conyngham a chance to show its fighting blood when the vote for poor director was being counted on Tuesday night. Some of the ballots were badly marked, and in counting these the members of the election board waxed a bit excited. The fight became known, and the friends of the candidates took up the row, things grew lively and a call was sent to Bloomsburg for Sheriff Zehner.

The ultimate outcome is not known, but the court will probably hear of it.

### Patriotic Exercises of Schools.

On next Tuesday evening the Bloomsburg Schools will give a patriotic entertainment in the Columbia Theatre in commemoration of the birthdays of Washington and Lincoln. Tickets are being sold for fifteen cents. One of the features will be the presentation to the grammar schools of portraits of Washington, by the P. O. S. of A.

### Two Killed at Steel Plant:

Two Slavonian laborers were crushed to death at the steel plant of the American Car and Foundry Company at Berwick, Tuesday night. They, together with other workmen, were in a shanty which was surrounded by piles of steel plates. From some cause, probably the action of the frost, the steel toppled over on the shanty.

The workmen were warned by Fred Hess, a foreman, and all but two succeeded in getting out of danger before the crash came. These two, Andrew Pescocks, aged 21 years, and Mike Shudock, aged 23, were caught and crushed to death instantaneously.

Deputy Coroner, I. J. Hess, empaneled a jury which rendered the verdict of accidental death.

### THE PRESIDENT ELECT.

Joseph L. Townsend has been chosen President of the Town Council by majority of 26.

He accepted the nomination against his protest, and during the campaign he spent very little, if any, time in personal solicitation for support at the polls, and his selection by a majority of his fellow townsmen for the office is an honor and a compliment.

His high personal character and well-known business ability leave no doubt as to the success of his administration of the town's affairs. His father, John R. Townsend, made a splendid record as Bloomsburg's Mayor some years ago, and Joseph L. Townsend will show that he is a worthy son of a worthy sire.

### MR. FRISBIE RESIGNS.

The Rev. F. V. Frisbie, who for several years has been the efficient steward of the Bloomsburg State Normal School, tendered his resignation to the Board of Trustees at its meeting on Monday evening. It is his intention of re-entering his work in the ministry. His resignation is to take effect on July the first.

Mr. Frisbie will move his family into Buckalew Place where they will reside until his plans are definitely decided.

### MRS. SUSAN T. WILLIAMS.

Mrs. Susan T. Williams, mother of H. R. Williams, of Fifth street, died at the home of her son-in-law, Rev. Joseph Hunter, in Newark, N. J., Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, aged 80 years and 3 months. Death was due to senility.

She is survived by six children, three sons and three daughters, and the interment was made at Tamaqua, Monday afternoon, where she resided for many years previous to living with her daughter. She also resided a year in Berwick.

### CAR PLANT SOLD.

Sheriff W. P. Zehner, on Saturday, sold the property of the Catawissa Car and Casting Company, situate in Catawissa. The purchasers were L. C. Mensch and C. J. Fisher, attorneys. The property was sold subject to a mortgage of \$5,000, and it was sold for \$75. Whether or not the new owners will operate the plant is not as yet known.

### CRAFTSMAN CARD PARTY.

The Craftsman Club gave a five hundred party to its members and their wives and friends in the club rooms in the Cathedral last Friday evening. Despite the heavy snow storm about fifty couples were present. Light refreshments were served later in the evening.

### AUCTION SALE.

The Martin Jewelry store is being closed out at Auction. Sales every day at 2.30 and 7.30. A fine chance for bargains.

### CRAFTSMAN DANCE.

The Craftsman Club held the second of its winter series of dances in the Cathedral on Tuesday evening. A goodly number was present and enjoyed the affair.

### At Columbia Theatre.

Among the better things in the line of shows which Manager Larned has secured for Columbia Theatre patrons during the next three months are the Welsh Male Choir of 26 voices, who come here direct from Wales, Feb. 21; The Girl from the U. S. A., Feb. 25; The Girl from Rector's and St. Elmo, in March, and Graustark and Morris Levy's Band of 50 pieces in April. There are, of course, a number of other attractions as well as the probability that a number of other first class attractions will be booked during this period.

### Peruna Secrets You Should Know



Golden Seal, the root of the above plant, is a very useful medicine. Many people gather it in our rich woodlands during the summer. Few people know how valuable it is in dyspepsia, catarrh, and as a general tonic. Many thousand pounds of this root are used each year in the famous catarrh remedy, Peruna. This fact explains why everybody uses Peruna for catarrh.

### FIRST RAILROAD.

First One Chartered in America was the Danville & Pottsville.

In a historical sketch contributed to the Pottsville Historical society by Dr. J. J. John, of Shamokin, the Danville & Pottsville railroad is spoken of as being the first railroad chartered in America.

The information appears in an article in Sunday's Philadelphia Record. That part of the article containing the local reference is as follows:

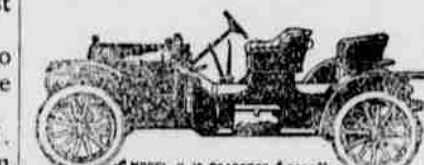
"A series of three papers by Dr. J. J. John, of Shamokin, have for their themes that fascinating subject, 'The Great Road or King's Highway.' This was the road of 1770 which led from the site of Schuylkill Haven on the Schuylkill to the site of Sunbury on the Susquehanna, and which was the forerunner of the Lightfoot survey of 1759. Lightfoot was authorized by an act of the Provincial Assembly to see if it was practical to construct a road between Philadelphia and Fort Augusta. Dr. John's history of the Danville & Pottsville railroad of 1826, the first chartered road in America, is another of his characteristic contributions."

### AS AGENT FOR THE Pullman Motor Car Company

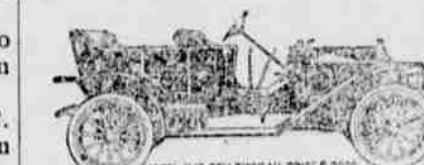
I present herewith cuts of five of the best selling models of the Pullman Car for 1910.



The 1909 models have more than fulfilled their guarantees in all of the many tests to which they have been subjected.



I have oversold my allotment for this year, and have secured a special option on a few cars for a limited time only.



I am fully justified in saying that the Pullman is one of the most popular medium priced cars on the market today.



I would urge prospective buyers to avoid disappointment by placing their orders as soon as possible.



I will be glad to furnish detailed illustrations of the different models.

**C. W. McKelvy**  
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Pullman Cars are Licensed Under the Selden Patent.

## FOR SALE!

The fine residence property of the late Judge Elwell is for sale.

### Location:

West Third Street between Jefferson and West Streets.

### Description:

Two story and attic, brick and frame. 13 rooms. Lot about 66 by 212 feet.

### FRAME BARN AND COW STABLE,

large garden, abundance of fruit trees.

The house has a Steam Heating Plant, Bath Room, Stationary Range and Wash Tubs; Water, Electric Light, and Gas.

Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

**GEO. E. ELWELL,**  
Attorney  
Bloomsburg, Pa.

## Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,  
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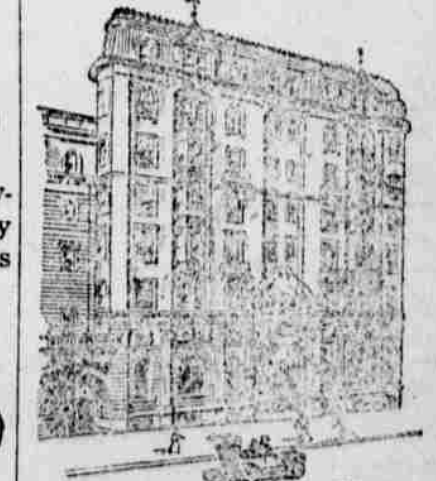
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## CANNON ANSWERS HIS CRITICS

A Majority Should Be Disciplined, Because It Will Be Held Responsible for Results

### HAS SCORN FOR THE PRESS

Switches to the Subject of Newspaper Abuse of Him and Defense of the House Rules—Majority Must Have the Machinery to Transact Business.

Washington, Feb. 17.—Just like an ordinary member, Speaker Cannon stood in the middle of the House of Representatives and spoke in favor of the \$42,000,000 Rivers and Harbors bill, which was under consideration. He made no effort to discuss individual items of the measure, but supported it in general, on the ground that the Nation was growing and would need all the waterways it could develop.

In the latter part of his address, he got on to the subject nearest to his heart, that of majority rule, and discussed it to the evident satisfaction of the regulars, who applauded freely. Incidentally, he took the newspapers and magazines to task again, for publishing inaccurate information regarding Congress in general and his part in the proceedings in particular. He said, that on the recent trip down the Mississippi River the accounts in the public print were so imaginative, that when he read them he didn't know whether he was "a foot or a horse-back."

"It is for us," he went on, "while we temporarily occupy the places that we do, to preserve the machinery by which a majority can transact the public business and to preserve it, looking into the faces of the gentlemen on the other side, so that when the wisdom of the American people and the favor of God may give, perchance, a majority to them, they will have the rules and the order of procedure, a product of the experience of 120 years, unhampered, and thus run the business of this House for the advantage, not of the men of their organization alone, but of all the 90,000,000. And while we seemingly strut and fret, declaim and are interviewed constantly in the public prints, the people of the United States will hold responsible from time to time the party in power for legislative results, and unless that party has the machinery and the procedure to achieve those results, they will not have the full power, though they may have the majority."

"I expect we will continue to receive all kinds of fake information that is finished for here and there," continued the Speaker, "in order that our great metropolitan journals may continue, some of them, to make their papers from day to day, like the Yankee made his razors, to sell. But I desire to say to the gentlemen on this side of the House, and to the gentlemen on that side of the House, that in the last analysis out of one of the two great organizations—the minority from time to time putting the majority in its good behavior, seeking to become the majority—will come correct legislation and correct appropriations, or the greatest good to the people of the Republic; and if we lose sight of our own importance and of our position for the time being, there will come into our places better and wiser men, who will not lose sight of these necessities. Where responsibility rest, there must be power."

### WAR ON LAWLESS TRUSTS.

Wickersham Drives Home Points in Taft's Speech Here.

Washington, Feb. 16.—It is a bitter, relentless war to a finish on the lawless trusts that the Taft Administration has entered upon.

The Administration issued another proclamation in this struggle to-day, a manifesto from the office of Attorney-General Wickersham, driving home the savage thrusts of President Taft in his New York speech of Saturday night. It is in the nature of a final warning, which clearly and explicitly sets forth the purposes of the Administration.

"It was not the intention of the Administration," says the Attorney-General, "to provide a revenue from trusts, nor, through the enactment of this law, to repeal the Sherman act. It was pointed out by the President in his message of January 7 that its purpose was to provide for the grant of a Federal charter to an industrial combination, to make and sell in interstate and foreign commerce the products of useful manufacture, under such limitations as will secure a compliance with the anti-trust law."

### HIGH PRICES FOR YEARS.

Professor Jenks Predicts if Gold Production Continues.

Ithaca, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Professor W. Jenks, of Cornell University, agrees with those economists who ascribe the increase in the cost of living to the increased production of gold. To a large number of farmers here for Farmers' Week at the State college of Agriculture, he said:

"Money is no more fixed in value than the articles it purchases. There is no sign of a let-up in the increased production of gold, and, unless some change is made in our monetary system, we may expect prices to go up for years to come."

## PEACOCK CHASTISES ROBBING EMPLOYEES

Millionaire Hero of "The Curse of Too Much Money" Shows How It Shouldn't Be Spent.

Pittsburg, Feb. 17.—Alexander R. Peacock, perhaps the most unique of Andrew Carnegie's "thirty young partners," and hero of the story, "The Curse of Too Much Money," has again astonished Pittsburg by the unexpected. After making a discovery that, through carelessness or worse, two of his employees had squandered about \$250,000 of his money, he locked himself in a room with them, one at a time, and administered to each a sound thrashing. Then he ordered them from his office, and refused to prosecute. Before chastising them, however, Mr. Peacock, who is yet worth \$15,000,000, made the employees sign over to him all the property that they own.

Some months ago Mr. Peacock became suspicious and employed a detective bureau to watch the two men. The first report showed Peacock that the two trusted ones had bought wine by the case for chorus girls.

Peacock refused to believe the report, since one of the men mentioned was high in church and social affairs. He ordered a second report, but it was far more convincing than the first.

It required only a few days on the part of Mr. Peacock to find that there had been \$250,000 in profits in the past year which he had never seen.

Finally, when he had conclusive proof, he called one of the men into his office, locked the door and told what he had discovered. The employee begged for mercy.

Peacock made him sign over to him all his property, and then the millionaire chastised him as a mother might chastise a naughty child. When the disgraced employee escaped he said he had been knocked down nine times. The other employee was then sent for and passed through the same experience.

As an amusing finale to the affair, one of the employees consulted an attorney, seeking to enter suit against Peacock for assault and battery. When the attorney heard all the facts he, too, hit the recent Peacock employee in the face for taking up his time.

### PEARY A REAR ADMIRAL.

Retirement Gives Discoverer \$6,000 a Year for Life

Washington, Feb. 14.—Commander Robert E. Peary, discoverer of the North Pole, was made a rear-admiral of the highest grade and with maximum pay, so far as the Senate can accomplish such recognition of his services. The bill recently introduced by Senator Hale was favorably reported from the Committee on Naval Affairs and promptly passed without discussion.

The bill authorizes the President to appoint Commander Peary a rear-admiral with an extra number and places him on the retired list. An amendment was adopted giving him the pay of a rear-admiral of the first grade.

The top notch pay of a rear-admiral is \$8,000 a year and that of the same officer on the retired list three-fourths of his active compensation. Thus Admiral Peary will receive \$6,000 a year for the remainder of his life.

### A THREATENED MILK FAMINE.

Chicago Producers Want Better Prices and May Curtail Output.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Chicago is threatened with a milk famine unless the big companies meet the demand of the producers' association for an increase in the price.

The attitude of the retail dealers will be shown by the dictation of the Borden company, whose contracts with the producers will soon expire. The Borden company recently raised the price of milk to the consumer one cent a quart and the producers demand an increase of 20 cents a hundred pounds wholesale. The association which is making the demand controls 75 per cent. of Chicago's supply, and threatens to curtail it.

### WANT ROOSEVELT TO LEAD.

Professor McMillan Hopes He Will Head Antarctic Expedition.

Portland, Me., Feb. 17.—That former President Roosevelt may lead the Antarctic expedition to be sent from the United States, was the statement made to-day by Professor Donald B. McMillan, the scientific member of Commander Peary's successful North Pole party. The proposition has been discussed, among the probable members of the party, and Professor McMillan hoped the former President would accept.

### DEPOSED SULTAN DYING.

Has Refused to Eat Since His Last Fit of Madness.

London, Feb. 17.—A Vienna dispatch to the Daily Chronicle says: "From Salonika it is announced that ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid is dying. Since his last violent fit of madness he has refused to take food. His body is reduced to extreme meagreness and his face is hardly recognizable."

"Since yesterday he has been suffering great agony."

Washington, Feb. 14.—Captain Alexander Sharp, president of the naval inspection board and recently commander of the battleship Virginia, died at the Naval Hospital in this city this morning, after about a month's illness, from typhoid fever.

## JANE ADAMS SLAIN ON THE PIER

Sister of Girl Killed in Atlantic City Tells of a Good Natured Struggle Night of Crime

### HAD FOUGHT FOR HER HONOR

Police File Formal Accusation of Murder Against Man Last Seen with Her—Investigation Fails to Support Suicide Theory.

Atlantic City, Feb. 17.—There is conclusive evidence that pretty eighteen-year-old Jane Adams, whose body was washed up on the beach here, was held a captive and slain on the end of the million-dollar pier while defending her honor, and then hurled into the sea by her assassin.

Investigations made by the police since the finding of the girl's body convinces them the case is one of the most startling the criminal authorities have had to deal with in many years.

The autopsy performed by County Physician Lewis Souder establishes that the girl was brutally beaten and struck on the head with some sharp-pointed weapon which penetrated her skull, causing death.

Now that suicide and accidental drowning theories are disposed of, Chief of Detectives Richard Whalen has sent an alarm to every city in the United States requesting the police to arrest William Seyler for murder and his brother, Orvis.

The latter's disappearance mystified Detective Whalen. It has been satisfactorily established that he could not have been concerned in the struggle that preceded the girl's death. It is believed that his older brother persuaded him to go with him when he fled.

Circulars sent out asking for the arrest of William Seyler are headed: "Wanted for murder."

Alice Adams, the sixteen-year-old sister of the slain girl, in her account of the events of the evening of February 4, says that when she and Orvis Seyler started to go home, she called to Jane, who was with William Seyler far out on the pier, to come along. William, she declared, held her sister a good natured struggle between the by the arm and there appeared to be a good natured struggle between the two, Jane calling out: "He won't let me."

This and the autopsy have convinced Detective Whalen that as soon as Orvis Seyler and Alice Adams disappeared in the darkness the struggle became earnest.

"I am convinced," said Whalen, "that the girl fought and was mercilessly beaten and then hurled into the sea from the end of the pier. The evidence shows conclusively that Jane Adams was the victim of a premeditated crime."

While the police are striving to find the two men who were with Jane Adams and her sister on the million dollar pier on the eve of February 4, the mother of the dead girl is almost frantic with grief, and has haunted Police Headquarters urging the police to clear up the mystery of her daughter's death. She still sticks to the belief that her child was murdered while protecting herself.

### TO REPEAL JAG BOARD LAW.

Only Few Places Have Tried New Jersey Temperance Measure.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 17.—Assemblyman Oliver of Hudson introduced a bill to-night to repeal the Hillery "jag board" law, under which habitual drunkards or near drunkards may have their names posted publicly, after which no saloon or tavern keeper may sell them liquor. Jag boards have been named in only a few of the smaller municipalities, but their efforts to reform the rounders in their communities have been the cause of several disputes and complications.

### BURNED TO DEATH UNDER AUTO.

Aviator Johannsen Killed While Motoring with M. Mumm.

Paris, Feb. 14.—M. Mumm of the firm of champagne makers was severely hurt to-day in an automobile accident between Bordeaux and Pau.

His companion, the aviator Johannsen, was burned to death. Mumm was driving and dashed into a tree while avoiding a cart. The automobile burst drenching Johannsen, who was underneath the machine.

The gasoline caught fire and Johannsen was incinerated.

### P. R. R. BARS TOBACCO.

Its Employees Must Abstain While on Duty.

Altoona, Penn., Feb. 14.—The use of tobacco in any form, while on duty, is forbidden all employees of passenger trains on the lines east of Pittsburg and Erie, by new regulations promulgated by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The new rules became effective last night.

### 70 Dead, 65 Badly Wounded.

Brussels, Feb. 14.—Advices from the Congo say that Col. Proke's column recently surrounded and captured a rebel band, but at frightful cost. The troops lost thirty killed and forty others who succumbed to wounds or sickness. In addition sixty-five men were seriously wounded. The rebel loss was sixty-five killed.

## WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings From All Over the Globe

### DOMESTIC.

Ex-President Roosevelt will return to the United States on or about June 15 and plans are under way to make his reception the greatest in history.

Officers of the Excavators' Union of New York City assumed warlike attitude in calling 25,000 men on general strike.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, who is touring New York State in behalf of woman suffrage, declared in an interview at Elmira that women are bound to vote at an early day.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Chanler introduced in the Assembly at Albany a resolution providing for a more searching investigation of legislative corruption.

Eighty thousand dozen eggs have been received in New York City from French, German and Austrian hens for the market here.

Mr. James R. Keene, financier, admits before the Federal Commissioner, Thomas Alexander, that he managed the Columbus and Hocking Coal and Iron pool.

The Rev. Dr. William Carter declares that New York is a graveyard for ministers, and they avoid rather than seek New York pulpits.

Leaders in the business and financial world in interviews expressed approval of President Taft's Lincoln Day dinner speech.

That Colonel Swope died from strychnine administered at the instance of Dr. B. C. Hyde is the verdict of the Coroner's Jury, Kansas City, Mo., which declined to pass on the question of intent.

Employers threatened the greatest labor war in the history of New York city if the building trades vote a sympathetic strike in aid of the steamfitters.

Fire at the Brighton stockyards, at Boston, caused damage of half a million dollars.

Judge Swazey, of the New Jersey Supreme Court, delivered a special charge to the Hudson county Grand Jury, which is investigating the cost of living.

### WASHINGTON.

Attorney General Wickersham in a statement declares that the new federal incorporation bill is seemingly being misrepresented in order to arouse prejudice against it.

As a result of President Taft's speech in New York his legislative programme is halted in Congress.

A deficiency appropriation of \$307,000 to replace medical and hospital supplies destroyed by fire at the army medical supply depot in New York City on February 4 last, was recommended to Congress to-day by Secretary of War Dickinson.

L. R. Glavis testified again in the Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry, telling on cross-examination why he considered the Secretary of the Interior unfit to hold his office.

After nearly half a century in the Treasury Department, Thomas Glenn Jones, seventy-six years old, died at Washington. He came here from Ohio to be an accountant in the loan and currency division in 1861.

Captain B. S. Osborn attacks Mr. Robert E. Peary as a "selfish egotist" and says his promotion to the grade of rear admiral would be a blot upon Congress.

The annual report of the United States Civil Service Commission was made public at Washington; it showed notable improvements in the administration of the service.

Representative Perkins, of Rochester, went to a hospital in Washington for rest and medical observation.

President Taft will probably come to New York at the time of Mr. Roosevelt's return on June 15 and speak at a banquet.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs practically decides against Secretary Meyer's navy reorganization plan, but may favor transfer of funds so the system may be tried for a year without burdensome "red tape."

### FOREIGN.

Dr. Charcot gives details of his Antarctic expedition and discovery of new lands, in a special cable despatch from Punta Arenas.

The Japanese fear passage of the Hayes exclusion bill in retaliation for the neutralization plan, say special advisers from Peking.

Winston Spencer Churchill gets the post of Home Secretary in the new British Cabinet.

The German Emperor deprecates the use of force in the demonstration by the socialists and hopes for satisfying amendments in the Prussian ballot law.

Capt. Saenz, executioner of Cannon and Groce, was killed in Managua by a Nicaraguan soldier.

A dispatch from Valdivia, Chile, said that Dr. Frederick A. Cook and Mrs. Cook had been found there and had sailed northward.

Premier Asquith, according to a rumor from London, has yielded to the Extremists and Nationalists by agreeing to introduce the veto bill before the budget; such a course, it is believed, may bring on a general election soon.

China and Japan have signed a postal working agreement on the basis of the Postal Union rules.

All differences between the conductors and engineers and the management of the National Railways of Mexico have been settled.

A dispatch from Vienna said that Abdul Hamid, the deposed Sultan of Turkey, had attempted to commit suicide.

## DEAD CHILDREN WERE BEWITCHED

Girls of Reading Say Seventeen Have Died of an Evil Spell

### POW-WOWS SAVED THREE

Charms, Potions, Drove Out Evil Influence—Those Who Perished "Lost Their Rest" and Wasted Away—Witchcraft in America.

Reading, Pa., Feb. 17.—Seventeen of their twenty children died because they were bewitched; an evil spell was put on them; they wasted away; the dwindling flame of their lives was snuffed by some weird breath.

So decided Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Garl of this city to-day; the seventeen children they have lost a daughter of twenty-eight years old, died last week.

The parents' declaration is another proof that ancient superstitions survive in this county, Berks, and counties surrounding, where colonies were planted long ago whose members have been slow to forget the mysterious folk tales of their Old Country ancestors.

Mr. and Mrs. Garl employed "witch doctors," "pow-wow doctors," but their charms, incantations and potions did not save the Garl children's lives. Physicians of established schools say some of the Garls died of marasmus, which is a loss of health, flesh and vitality, caused oftenest by inanition. Others of the children died of tuberculosis, say the regular doctors.

Mr. and Mrs. Garl deny this. "Both of us are perfectly healthy; neither has been ill for a day," is their argument. "Our children were born perfectly healthy. They were bewitched, that's all. The witch took their rest; would not let them sleep, and so made them waste away."

"When one of the children was taken ill I called in a regular doctor who said the child would not live over night," said Mr. Garl. "A neighbor suggested that I engage a 'pow-wow doctor' who has the reputation of curing people whose rest have been taken. I did so. The pow-wow doctor said the child had been bewitched by a woman, but he did not tell who the woman was. The doctor put something in a bag, hung the bag around the child's neck and gave him two kinds of medicine. From the moment the witch doctor began to attend the child it improved, and is one of the three left to us."

"Another daughter fell ill," Mr. Garl continued. "One old man heard me telling a neighbor about losing so many children. The old man said he could cure the sick girl, and I asked him to try. He brought a piece of muslin, a needle and thread, a pen and red ink and the fifth book of Moses, Deuteronomy. After examining the child he said its rest had been taken by a witch woman. He powwowed and copied a verse on a slip of paper, writing it in red ink. He put the paper in a little muslin bag and hung it at the head of the cradle. The verse said:

### An Incantation.

"Trotter head, I forbid thee my house and premises. I forbid thee my bedstead, that thou mayest not breathe upon me. Breathe in some other house until thou hast counted every fence post and until thou hast crossed every water, and thus dear day may come again in the name of God, the Father, the Son and the Holy Ghost. Amen."

"The little girl got well," concluded Mr. Garl.

When Dr. R. E. Strasser was Coroner recently he made a crusade against the "powwow" doctors, but they are still doing active business in Berks County, and will probably continue to do so until more drastic action is taken to put them out of business.

### TRY TO EXORCISE A DEVIL IN WISCONSIN.

The Girl "Possessed" Is Dying, but Person Who Gave Potion Is Not Discovered.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Feb. 15.—Believing her daughter, Mabel, eighteen years old, was possessed of a devil, Mrs. John Clemens went to Ripon, this county, and got a potion from some person, which she gave to the girl. The doctors believe Mabel will not recover. The authorities are trying to learn who prescribed the devil-driving potion, and what it contained.

### MISSING GIRL IN THE SURF.

Body of Jane Adams Shows Indications of Murder.

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 15.—The body of Jane Adams who has been missing since she spent the evening on the pier on Friday, February 4, was found in the breakers off Harrisburg avenue, Ventnor. She was 18 years old and the daughter of Charles Adams of this city. Still clad in the finery which she donned for the evening at the pier, the body was identified by the mother and father. It showed indications of murder.

The police have started a search for William Seyler, a young married man of this city, who was the last person seen in Miss Adams's company and who disappeared on the day following her disappearance.

## \$3.50 Recipe Cures Weak Kidneys, Free

Relieves Urinary and Kidney Troubles, Backache, Straining, Swelling, Etc.

STOPS PAIN IN THE BLADDER, KIDNEYS AND BACK.

Wouldn't it be nice within a week or so to begin to say goodbye forever to the scalding, dribbling, straining, or too frequent passage of urine; the forehead and the back-of-the-head aches; the stitches and pains in the back; the growing muscle weakness; spots before the eyes; yellow skin; sluggish bowels; swollen ankles or ankles; leg cramps; unnatural short breath; sleeplessness and the despondency?

I have a recipe for these troubles that you can depend on, and if you want to make a quick recovery, you ought to write and get a copy of it. Many a doctor would charge you \$3.50 just for writing this prescription, but I have it and will be glad to send it to you entirely free. Just drop me a line like this: Dr. A. E. Robinson, K 309 Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and I will send it by return mail in a plain envelope. As you will see when you get it, this recipe contains only pure, harmless remedies, but it has a great healing and pain-conquering power.

It will quickly show its power once you use it, so I think you had better see what it is without delay. I send you a copy free—you can use it and cure yourself at home.

12-23-'09-cow.

## PENSION BILL SHOWS \$5,234,000 DECREASE

Appropriation Made for 1911 is \$155,674,000—Grand Total is Nearly Four Billions.

Washington, Feb. 17.—A pension appropriation bill aggregating \$155,674,000 was reported to the House. The appropriation for 1910 was \$160,908,000.

The bill follows custom and abolishes seventeen of the eighteen pension agencies, concentrating the work in Washington. Following custom the Senate will restore them.

There are a score of bills pending in Congress which, if passed, would greatly increase the expenditures for pensions. These bills would place all volunteer officers of the Mexican, civil and Spanish wars on the retired list when they reach sixty-four at \$75 a month and \$100 when they reach seventy. All enlisted veterans would receive \$25 a month at sixty-four and \$50 a month at seventy.

The following table shows the pensions paid by the Government since its establishment:

|                                                           |                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| War of the Revolution                                     | \$70,000,000.00  |
| War of 1812                                               | 45,757,296.84    |
| Indian wars                                               | 9,995,609.47     |
| War with Mexico                                           | 42,492,784.07    |
| Civil war                                                 | 3,686,461,840.35 |
| War with Spain and insurrection in the Philippine Islands | 26,383,805.21    |
| Regular establishment                                     | 15,607,028.02    |
| Unclassified                                              | 16,484,049.77    |

Total \$3,913,082,512.73  
These figures are brought up to the beginning of the present fiscal year.

### NATION TO CONTROL INDUSTRIES.

New System Urged for Corporations By Commissioner Smith.

Washington, Feb. 14.—"Our great interstate industries must come under permanent national supervision," says Herbert Knox Smith, Commissioner of Corporations, in his annual report.

The situation, he says, is ready for a complete system, where "all important interstate commerce corporations shall regularly make reports to a federal agency; where that agency shall have the further right to verify and extend the facts presented; where business transactions of public interests shall be made public, safeguarding at the same time all proper business secrets; where there will be a permanent meeting ground for cooperation and adjustment between the government and business interests, and whereby those corporations that deal fairly and openly shall correspondingly acquire public confidence and support."

### IN DEFENCE OF DEACON MOE.

His Pastor Says He is One of the Best Men He Ever Knew.

Apburn, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The Rev. E. E. Smiley of the Congregational Church at Groton, preached to a large congregation, closing the service with a strong defence of the character of Deacon Moe, who remained at his home in seclusion, doubtful as to the attitude of his home folks at the disclosures regarding Senatorial bribery made at Albany last week. Moe had been away from Groton for several weeks to evade detectives and newspaper men, but his townsmen, following the pastor's statement to-day, called at his home in large numbers and assured him of their belief in his integrity.

### Cost of Song Birds.

The American consul at Hanover reports it costs \$7,500,000 annually to feed the 5,000,000 canaries in the United States. Returns of the cost of feeding song birds at Rector's are not yet in.—Washington Post.

"Der true science of government iss not eferybody knows and nopedy does."—Cleveland News.

## Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON  
Rutland, Vt.

### THE GOLDEN RULE OF THE KINGDOM.

International Bible Lesson for Feb. 20, '10.—(Matt. 7:1-12).

That there is a vast amount of evil in the world needs no argument. Our eyes, and ears and hearts are assailed by its omnipresence. The question is: What shall be the attitude of the children of the kingdom toward the evil which they cannot but see in the people of the world among whom they live.

In the wonderful Sermon on the Mount which we are still considering, the Christ meets the question and answers it fully, frankly, satisfactorily. He utters two warnings, each against dangers lying in opposite directions, the one, the danger of making too much of the evil we see, or think we see, in others; the other, that of making too little of it.

#### Censoriousness Rebuked.

The first danger to guard against is censoriousness. His golden rule is "Judge not, that ye be not judged." As if He had said, As you judge, you shall be judged, on the general principle that as you give to others they will give to you, charity for charity, severity for severity, generosity for generosity, uncharitableness for uncharitableness.

Men are socially interdependent, and must have dealings with each other; must meet, know, counsel, help, and bargain with their fellows. It is well then to keep in mind the laws of social intercourse, and always "Put yourself in his place." The law is not, do to others what we would have them do to us, (this might become mere barter) but do to them what we think they would wish to have done to them. Do to them what we would wish to have done to us if we were in their situation. This is the highest and most revolutionary rule in the world.

Now one of the most important reasons for being careful in our judgment of others He points out is that there is so much evil in ourselves. The difficulty with most men is, they pose as oculists and optometrists, discovering motives in the eyes of others, oblivious grafters in their own. Christ says, in effect, if you would be a skillful oculist in spiritual affairs put yourself in the hands of a divine practitioner and allow him to extract the beam from your own eye, then you will see clearly. The trouble with most of us is we are afflicted with such personal strabismus that we think the beam is in the eyes of the other fellow. The consciousness of our own imperfections should moderate our personal judgments.

Here is the fault of many a reformer—so-called. He is zealous to reform his neighbor, but indifferent respecting himself. So that men who are strong on one particular line of improvement of others may be as far off from personal righteousness themselves, in some other direction. The golden rule of the kingdom will save us from using a spy-glass on other people and refusing to gaze into the looking glass ourselves. We shall not carry the sins of our neighbors in front of us and those of ourselves behind us. There are very few people who are as merciless in judgment of their own sins as of those of their fellow men. What we call errors of judgment in ourselves are criminal actions when committed by others. Hence we have soft words for our own sins, and blistering condemnation for the sins of others. It is against this spirit of harsh, and unrelenting criticism of other people that this lesson utters its loudest warning.

#### Discrimination Urged.

But there is another side to the subject, as there is to all subjects and it is this: In our attitude toward the evil in the world we should not make too little of it. Though we may not judge, we should discriminate. We must not go so far to the other extreme as to insist that there are no such things as notes and beams, in other words that sin is all in your eye. There are holy things, and there are dogs and swine, and Christ says, You are to be careful not to cast your pearls before swine, nor give that which is holy into the dogs. Swine are swine and no amount of washing and attention will convert them into sheep. We are under no obligation to insist that black is white and that there is no difference between the holy and the unholy.

#### Not Judgment but Caution.

Some things there are which are too holy and sacred to be thrown out carelessly among those who would surely reject them with contempt and savage hatred. If you do not want your pearls to be trodden under foot of men keep them under lock and key. When sinners turn swine, and we are in danger of being rent by them, Christ gives us a permission to cease our attentions. We may not judge, but we must be cautious. We may not condemn arbitrarily, but we must distinguish between the false and the true, and in our desire to be gentle and kind we must not go to the other extreme and treat all men alike. Adaptation requires judgment. Censoriousness on the one hand and indiscriminate on the other are equally to be avoided. Between these two extremes is the golden rule of the kingdom. Happy are they who find and practice it.

### VALUE OF SPECULATION.

Mental Process That Does Much Toward Mitigating Life's Woes.

We are all somewhat in the habit of divorcing the idea of speculative thought from that of usefulness, and of considering it a dreamer's vagary without which the world would progress along its accustomed and predestined route. It is particularly the habit of set and elderly persons to speak with scorn of schools of thought, methods of careful preparation for life, and of abstract consideration of values. They insist that the world was better off when people did things and thought less about them.

The difficulty in leaving ourselves to act without preparatory thought is, that it finds us prepared only for such events as have taken place before within our experience or within the experience of those we have talked with or read of; whereas we are likely to be plunged at any moment into a new set of circumstances or given a new lot of conditions and motives which alter the most apparently similar cases. Then, indeed, for lack of the habit of speculative thought, of weighing motives and values, we are apt to drown in our own absurdities or worse, commit hideous injustice.

Odd as it may seem, the end of speculation is practice, says Harper's Weekly. The process may seem wasteful and futile, but the results, if one examines them, are worth the energy spent; and the lives we see about us, lived without the directing of abstract thought, are warnings accepting the cheap and easy ways of life.

To turn back to the value of speculative thought, its first use is to teach the body its place in the triunity, which is a human being. It looks at life with new eyes and weighs values; it undertakes to find out what is truly the heart's desire—wine, laughter, lust, longing, prayer, hope or peace.

Once we know what object we are pursuing, once we have turned speculative thought free upon the universe, and made up our minds what is worth while, then, with our sense of values fixed, we know where to direct effort; what makes for the end is worth while, and what gives mere momentary ease is negligible.

This search for the real aim, this close examination into the trend of our thoughts, this speculative attitude toward proportionate values do much toward mitigating the woes of life, for they open the doors to love and wisdom, the dominators of destiny. Love and wisdom annihilate melodrama, avert tragedy, soften grief, rob joy of selfish and aggressive noise; they regulate conduct so that it ceases to be self-seeking and injurious; they widen the mental horizon, and infuse tolerance and justice.

And when love and wisdom stand upon the threshold, letting their light shine in upon the little turmoil of life, how small and silly see our cowering fears, our greed and cruelty and selfishness as they lurk in the corners, eager to escape the light.

#### Speaking Through the Nose.

The offensiveness of the present defect could not be exaggerated, perhaps, but it is best to guard against exaggeration in dealing with it, writes William Dean Howells, in Harper's Bazaar. Not long ago we talked with an observant Englishman, who was hardly the most willing of witnesses, but a just as well as a gentle spirit, and we asked him if he had been much struck by our far-famed nasality since coming among us.

No, he said, not half so much as he had expected; but what he had noticed was that we spoke drawlingly, draggingly, in tones that weakly and tardily did their office.

It seemed to use, when we thought the matter over, that there was a great deal of truth in what he said, and we now commend his remark, together with our own less lenient accusations, to the attention of the American Woman's Speech Reformers.

What they want to get at is the average offense, and not to err as to its precise nature.

There is no doubt that certain of our women twang, and whine, and whiffle, and whinny, but possibly close inquiry might develop the fact that, after all, it may be lazy and careless mismanagement of the voice in the sort suggested which is most to be corrected.

#### Crescent Shaped Viennese Bread.

The origin of that Viennese bread shaped like a crescent, which is found in most places on the continent, dates back to 1683. At that time the Austrian capital was being besieged by the Turks under the terrible Grand Vizier Kara Mustapha, and as they failed to take the city by assault they decided to dig a passage under the walls, and so penetrate into the town.

In the daytime the noise of the siege made the sound of the tunneling inaudible and at night time the defenders of the place were asleep, all but the sentries and the bakers. It was the bakers who, as they baked the bread for the garrison, heard the pickaxes of the miners coming nearer and nearer and gave the alarm. In the fighting of the Bakers' Association took their share with the utmost bravery, and as a reward for their services the emperor gave them permission to make a special cake shaped like the Turkish crescent.

Ivy does not make a house damp; on the contrary, its small roots extract every particle of moisture from the brick or stone to which it clings.

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BOOK PAPERS, COVER PAPERS, &c.

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If you have been a customer of ours, you know the character of our work. If not, we shall be glad to fill a trial order. Among other things in our line are

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## THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1910

## Don't Rubber



## It Isn't Polite.

Besides, you can read ALL the news in much more comfort if you subscribe for this paper.

## TO SEARCH FOR THE OTHER POLE.

England and the United States to Send Out Expeditions This Year.

Now that the North Pole has been discovered and by an American, Uncle Sam is turning his attention to the South Pole. Plans are already on foot to send an expedition into the Antarctic the latter part of next Summer, the preparations for which will be managed by Commander Peary, who will not, however, accompany the expedition. The National Geographic Society is backing the project.

England, too, is going to go after the same goal, and will send out a shipload of explorers in August. England holds the farthest south record at present, Lieutenant Shackleton having approached within two degrees of the pole in January 1909. The coming race between the two expeditions will be interesting.

The experience of the French expedition of Dr. Charcot, which is now on its way back after an unsuccessful attempt indicates the difficulties which are to be met in those regions.

The "Pourquoi Pas," Dr. Charcot's vessel, on reaching the region of ice on her trip to the South, stranded on the coast of Graham Land, but was refloated after three days. On the resumption of the voyage the steamer met with a long series of accidents. She was in collision with a number of icebergs, and ice pinched off the rudder, but the crew managed to construct a jury rudder.

The men suffered considerably during the many months in the Antarctic regions, scurvy and heart disease being the chief ailments. The scientific observations were conducted with the greatest care, and thus the object of the expedition was in part realized. Numerous journeys were made over the ice, but it was impossible to use automobiles on account of the bad condition of the ice fields.

The stranding of the "Pourquoi Pas" and the collisions with bergs caused a serious leak at the outset of the expedition which proved impossible of repair. Water flowed in at all times, and the pumps were in constant use until the end of the voyage. The steamer was exposed to violent storms on the return trip, as far as the Strait of Magellan, and was compelled to put in to an obscure harbor for two days to repair the engines. A scarcity of provisions and coal, the damage to the ship and the exhaustion of the crew necessitated the return.

## \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## Orchard Demonstration Trains in Pennsylvania.

Beginning on Wednesday, February 16th, a Demonstration Train will be run on the Cumberland Valley and Pennsylvania Railroads in the State of Pennsylvania for the purpose of demonstrating methods of pruning and spraying and otherwise caring for fruit trees and other plants. The primary object of this effort is to show how to produce the best possible crops by controlling plant pests, especially the San Jose Scale. This work will be in co-operation with the railroads named and Division of Zoology of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, and will be under the direct supervision of Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, who has aided in preparing the schedule and will be present on the train at every stopping place.

The purpose in running this train this year is not so much to give extensive demonstrations of methods of spraying and pruning, as to exhibit apparatus and insecticides, and show how to make the cheapest, best and most efficient insecticides and fungicides for the control of plant pests (both diseases and insects), and also, to give opportunity for persons visiting the train to hear lectures and see such practical demonstrations as are necessary to indicate the progress made along this line since the running of the demonstration trains over the same railroads a year ago.

There was very great interest taken in these Demonstration trains last winter, and hundreds of persons attended the demonstrations in the orchards scheduled, and also heard the lectures in the lecture cars. The results last fall were manifest by increased quantity and especially improved quality of the fruit grown in the regions where these demonstrations were given. The public has now full confidence in the methods advocated by the Division of Zoology, as there are many remarkable cases of conspicuous success from these methods, and persons who were formerly discouraged in their efforts to control pests, especially the scale, are now taking up the subject of fruit growing with new hope and interest, and are planting trees extensively, with the expectation of restoring their orchards to fruitfulness and profit.

In planning the route and schedule for these trains, plans have been made for five stops per day, averaging nearly two hours at each place. This will be only half as long as the train stopped at each

## Sinking Spells Every Few Days

"At the time I began taking Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy I was having sinking spells every few days. My hands and feet would get cold; I could scarcely breathe, and could feel myself gradually sinking away until I would be unconscious. Those about me could not tell there was life in me. After these spells I would be very weak and nervous, sleepless and without appetite; had neuralgia in my head and heart. After taking the remedy a short time all this disappeared and in a few weeks all the heart trouble was gone."

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Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is sold by all druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit, your druggist will return your money.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

station last year, but it will give ample time for persons to see apparatus in use and inspect the exhibits, hear the lectures and receive literature that will be distributed. The movements of the train will be by an appointed schedule, which has been announced by posters at the stations and elsewhere, and also by the local press, and of course, it is the intention to be on time as far as is possible in both arriving and departing. Two or three lecturers and demonstrators will accompany the train, one of whom will be State Zoologist Surface, who has planned to be present during the entire trip.

NO FALSE PRETENSE HAS marked the career of Ely's Cream Balm. Being entirely harmless, it is not responsible like the catarrh snuffs and powders, for minds shattered by cocaine. The great virtue of Ely's Cream Balm is that it speedily and completely overcomes nasal catarrh and hay fever. Back of this statement is the testimony of thousands and a reputation of many years' success. All druggists, 50c., or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

## THE VOTE IN BLOOMSBURG ON TUESDAY

| PRESIDENT OF TOWN COUNCIL     |         |         |     |         |          |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|-----|---------|----------|
|                               | 1st     | 2nd     | 3rd | 4th     | Total    |
| Joseph L. Townsend, R.        | 103     | 133     | 238 | 200     | 674      |
| James Magee, II, Ind.         | 154     | 189     | 162 | 143     | 648      |
| MEMBERS OF COUNCIL            |         |         |     |         |          |
| C. A. Pursel, R.              | 219     | 275 1/2 | 197 | 243 1/2 | 935      |
| C. W. Runyon, R.              | 189     | 188 1/2 | 172 | 159 1/2 | 709      |
| Thomas Gunter, R.             | 173     | 127     | 198 | 108     | 606      |
| H. C. Pollock, D.             | 130     | 117 1/2 | 449 | 621     | 1317 1/2 |
| H. C. Rulon, D.               | 172     | 114 1/2 | 296 | 186 1/2 | 769      |
| I. L. Rabb, D.                | 387     | 828     | 392 | 257 1/2 | 1864 1/2 |
| SCHOOL DIRECTOR (3 Years)     |         |         |     |         |          |
| Eugene F. Carpenter, R.       | 134     | 131     | 109 | 100     | 524      |
| Geo E. Elwell, D.             | 164     | 198     | 253 | 161     | 776      |
| Fred B. Hartman, Pro.         | 193     | 240     | 286 | 325     | 1044     |
| SCHOOL DIRECTOR (2 Years)     |         |         |     |         |          |
| Harry S. Barton, R.           | 163     | 195     | 222 | 157     | 737      |
| Chas. W. Jones, D.            | 67      | 95      | 114 | 162     | 438      |
| JUSTICE OF THE PEACE          |         |         |     |         |          |
| Guy Jacoby, R.                | 156     | 188     | 225 | 160     | 729      |
| Guy Jacoby, D.                | 61      | 101     | 119 | 143     | 424      |
| DIRECTORS BLOOM POOR DISTRICT |         |         |     |         |          |
| Emory D. Hagenbuch, R.        | 135     | 152     | 173 | 63      | 523      |
| C. W. Hess, D.                | 75      | 69 1/2  | 92  | 48 1/2  | 285      |
| William Kashner, D.           | 157 1/2 | 184     | 275 | 392     | 1008 1/2 |
| Francis R. Drake, Ind.        | 149     | 206     | 350 | 374     | 1079     |
| W. Webster Eves, Ind.         | 92      | 105     | 94  | 32      | 323      |
| ASSESSOR                      |         |         |     |         |          |
| W. Clark Sloan, R.            | 125     | 145     | 138 | 96      | 504      |
| Wm. F. Stohner, D.            | 105     | 141     | 226 | 210     | 682      |
| JUDGE OF ELECTION             |         |         |     |         |          |
| Edward Appleman, R.           | 139     |         |     |         |          |
| Wm. W. Barratt, D.            | 100     |         |     |         |          |
| W. E. Coffman, R.             |         | 156     |     |         |          |
| Clark Runyan, D.              |         | 139     |     |         |          |
| Wm. Webb, R.                  |         |         | 221 |         |          |
| W. W. Black, D.               |         |         | 153 |         |          |
| Samuel Kashner, R.            |         |         |     | 96      |          |
| John Fry, D.                  |         |         |     | 235     |          |
| INSPECTOR OF ELECTION         |         |         |     |         |          |
| F. B. Rupert, R.              | 129     |         |     |         |          |
| Wm. E. Knorr, D.              | 114     |         |     |         |          |
| Joseph Garrison, R.           |         | 138     |     |         |          |
| George W. Belig, D.           |         | 149     |     |         |          |
| Roy R. Ralston, R.            |         |         | 191 |         |          |
| P. H. Freeze, D.              |         |         | 176 |         |          |
| D. W. Sterner, R.             |         |         |     | 93      |          |
| D. C. Mericle, D.             |         |         |     | 213     |          |
| REGISTRY ASSESSOR             |         |         |     |         |          |
| A. E. Myers, R.               | 155     |         |     |         |          |
| William A. Gray, D.           | 89      |         |     |         |          |
| Robert J. Morris, R.          |         | 186     |     |         |          |
| Wilbur C. Hower, D.           |         | 123     |     |         |          |
| J. Moyer Lewis, R.            |         |         | 272 |         |          |
| Ed. Strohm, D.                |         |         | 112 |         |          |
| E. J. Gearinger, R.           |         |         |     | 67      |          |
| W. A. Kreamer, D.             |         |         |     | 266     |          |

## GOOD ROADS MEETING.

Harrisburg Board of Trade Wants it Held There.

The Board of Trade of Harrisburg will issue an invitation to the State Good Roads Association to hold its 1911 convention in that city. This action has been taken following a report by the Good Roads Committee, in which it recommended action looking to the adoption of a plan whereby careless and indifferent road authorities may be brought to realize their share of responsibility. The resolution also states: "Your committee unanimously recommend that the Good Roads Association of Pennsylvania be invited to hold a state convention in Harrisburg a few weeks before the meeting of the Legislature in January, 1911. The first object of those who have at heart the holding of this convention will be to have a thorough representation of all classes of citizens of this Commonwealth and especially those who are interested in good road conditions. All farmer organizations, as well as all civic associations and street and road officials, will be invited to participate. It is believed that by such a convention legislation can be proposed to the incoming Legislature that will, if enacted, be of great and permanent benefit to every one who uses our public highways."

## CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday the 21st day of February, 1910, by C. M. Creveling, C. B. Luzard and C. W. Miller, under the act of assembly, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations", approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "C. M. Creveling Company," the character and object of which is the buying and selling general merchandise consisting of dry goods, groceries, hardware, Queens ware, boots and shoes, rubber goods, clothing, drugs and all other articles usually bought and sold in what is known as a department store, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said act of assembly and supplements thereto.

C. W. MILLER,  
Solicitor.

1-27-4-L.

## CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania, on the 25th day of February, 1910, by James B. Montgomery, G. M. Whitmire, Levi A. Remley, C. W. E. Bower, John Thomas, James W. Shellhamer, W. E. Shellhamer, and others, under the Act of Assembly, entitled, "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The Ebenezer Telephone Company, the character and object of which is for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, operating, buying, leasing telephones and telegraph lines, for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business and for police, fire alarm and messenger business, the operation of telephone exchanges, and the furnishing of facilities for communication by means of the transmission of electricity, over or through wires, and doing a general telephone and telegraph business by such means, through the townships of Orange, Center, Briar Creek, West Berwick and Berwick borough, all in the county of Columbia, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy, all the rights, benefits, and privileges of said act of assembly, and the supplements thereto.

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